

## SENSATIONAL SALOON TRIALS

## Striking Incidents of Hewett Sunday Opening Trial Tuesday

Sensational incidents in the hearing of Harry Hewett, the Market street saloon-keeper, of Waukegan, for the alleged keeping open his place on Sunday, Nov. 18, which opened Tuesday morning in the court of Justice Van Dusen.

Special Agent Haythorne, for the Lake County Law and Order League, mistakes Wm. McConney for Peter McDermott, both saloon-keepers, and the defense builds up a clever impression that the witness is not aware of his facts when the witness recollects that he is not addressing Mr. McDermott.

Attorney J. K. Orvis, representing the defendant and incidentally the Retail Liquor Dealers' Association, accuses Secretary Quayle of coaching Expert Witness and Detective J. W. Haythorne and asks that he be barred from the room. Justice Van Dusen pronounced the trial a public one and permits Mr. Quayle to remain. Mr. Quayle retires to rear of court room.

Defense attempts to get sight or possession of mysterious memorandum books containing data of the visits to various Waukegan saloons and resorts.

The battle between the reformers of Waukegan and the alleged law breaking saloon-keepers opened when Harry Hewett faced trial for the alleged operation of a tipping house on Sunday.

J. W. Haythorne and Frederick Elder, special agents in the employ of the Law and Order League, appeared for the first time in the public eye and gave testimony

that the defense seemed to fail in breaking down.

The first witness called was J. W. Haythorne, now unemployed but until Christmas a clerk in the claim department of the Fair in Chicago, where he resides.

Haythorne, about whom there has been much mystery, is a short, slight, dark complexioned man, with quick, sharp eyes. He has a dark moustache. He testified that he was in Waukegan Nov. 18, about there in the morning and leaving at about 10 in the evening.

At about 9 on the evening of that day, which was Sunday, he entered Hewett's place on Market street, he says, through the side door and walked up to the bar, purchased three rounds of drinks, whiskey each time. With him was Special Agent Elder, and there were two besides Mr. Hewett in the saloon. When the two agents left they took with them a half pint of whiskey that they had purchased. They sampled it to see that it was the real stuff. The bottle was produced in evidence. It was labeled number twenty-five, which probably means that twenty-five saloons were visited by the two on Nov. 18.

Attorney Orvis for the defense developed that Haythorne was a man of many jobs, none of which he had held long, and at one time he had worked for five years for the Municipal Voters' League of Chicago. He stated that he had never done any reform investigation before. He said he was 31 years old and was born in Richmond, Ill.

## SUGGESTS TIFFANY FOR CHAIRMAN

Of Railroad Committee, one of the Best in the State Legislature

Monday morning's Chicago Tribune has the following:

"For chairman of the committee on railroads the name of Senator McKenzie, former president pro tem. of the senate, is heard, as is that of Senator A. N. Tiffany of Lake county."

The above is the report of the doings at Springfield written by a staff correspondent of that paper.

The importance of the reference to Lake county was seen at a glance by local politicians who saw the possibility of Mr. A. N. Tiffany of Antioch, senator from this district, being given chairmanship of so important a committee.

The committee on railroads is one of the most important committees of the legislature and were it given to Senator Tiffany Lake county would be shown quite an honor.

## SETTLED SMART YOUNG MAN.

"Camp-Meeting John's" Smart Answer to Filippant Question.

Camp-meeting John Allen, the grandfather of Madame Nordica, was for many years a picturesque figure among the Methodist ministers in the state of Maine. A man for attending camp-meetings was not his only distinction. He was a good deal of a wag, and his utterances were much appreciated by both saint and sinner.

At one time, having gone to Lewiston to attend a quarterly meeting, he was approached in the street by several young men who were evidently out for a good time.

"Camp-meeting John," said the spokesman, "who was the devil's grandmother?"

"The devil's grandmother," replied the old man in the quick, sharp tone so characteristic of his speech, "the devil's grandmother—how do you expect me to keep your family record?"

"I had tried everything for my baby, until Dr. Lyle recommended Cascasweet. I can truthfully say it is the best medicine I ever used for babies. My little baby was a mere skeleton from stomach trouble, so bad that she did not notice anything, but is now entirely well, and we can almost see her grow. Nannie L. Taylor, Bedford Vn. Cascasweet is sold by J. H. Swan.

## As a Public Entertainer.

Visitor (at animal circus)—That monkey exhibits almost human intelligence.

Attendant—He exhibits more than human intelligence, sir. He does his act without mixing a monologue with it and without looking at you and waiting for applause.

## Not Encouraging.

Ascum—Is your boss going to give you the raise you asked for?

Todd—Well—er—I'm afraid to say. I told him I thought my pay should be commensurate with the amount of work I do and he promptly agreed with me.

When the cold winds dry and crack the skin a box of salve can save much discomfort. In buying salve look for the name on the box to avoid imitations, and be sure you get the original DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Sold by J. H. Swan.

## MADE THE SONG REALISTIC.

Contralto's Musical Efforts Accompanied by the Living Article.

Allice Sovereign had a trying experience recently in Pittsburg, her recital ending with a little tragedy, the dramatic personae of which were the contralto and a blue-bottle fly. The refrain of Nevlin's "Yearning" had just been reached and Miss Sovereign in her most appealing tones was entreating, "Oh, fly with me!" in the blue-bottle, accepting the invitation, appeared. Refusing to be brushed aside, it buzzed blithely about the singer's pretty face and with commendable taste remained in the vicinity of her lips. "Oh, fly! oh, fly!" continued Miss Sovereign, a bit tremulously. "Bzzzz!" was the noncommittal answer. "Oh, fly!" continued the contralto, on a low O that gave very little hint of her trepidation. And then the worst happened. Without pausing to reflect, the fly impulsively rushed into the breach—and disappeared. It was a critical moment for both, but Miss Sovereign proved equal to the emergency. Without wincing, and with excellent breath control, she added the intruder in its downward journey, and concluded the song with a clear, mellow, and truthful, "Oh, fly with me!"

The incident was unnoticed by the audience, but Miss Sovereign still has the fly—in memory, at least.

## "How to Avoid Appendicitis"

Do you have sick headaches? Do you feel distressed after eating? Do you have burning sensation in stomach?

Are you troubled with bad blood? Are you troubled with weak heart? Are you troubled with dyspepsia? Are you troubled with constipation? If so take Gastrozone; it will care you or you get your money back. Gastrozone prevents you from having appendicitis, because it is antiseptic. Sold and guaranteed by J. H. Swan.

## Miser Is Still Waiting.

A man who was very miserly hoarded up his stacks of bay year after year in the hope of making double the price he was offered for them. A well-known hay and straw buyer in the district one day asked the price of a stack. An enormous price was asked, which the buyer accepted.

"How about the terms of settlement?" asked the miser.

"Well, you see," said the buyer, "my terms are to settle when I fetch the last load away."

"That's a bargain," said the miser, slapping the other's hand. The old chap watched every load go away except the last, and that the buyer never did fetch away.

Croup can positively be stopped in 20 minutes. No vomiting, nothing to sicken or distress your child. A sweet, pleasant, and safe syrup, called Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure, does the work and does it quickly. Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure is for croup alone, remember. It does not claim to cure a dozen ailments. It's for croup that's all. Sold by all dealers.

## Setting Mother Right.

"Come, come," said Tommy's mother, "don't lounge that way. Sit up like a little man."

"Why, mamma," replied Tommy, "men sit down. It's only dogs and children that sit up."

## THE FARMERS' INSTITUTE

A Two Days Session Held Here Last Week.

The two days session of the Lake County Farmers Institute opened here on Thursday morning of last week under rather discouraging circumstances, the roads being almost impassable and the weather unfavorable. But despite these drawbacks a very good crowd was in attendance at all sessions and especially the evenings.

The session opened Thursday morning by the invocation followed by an address of welcome. The speaker of the morning was E. D. Herbert, of Freeport, Ill., who had for his subject "How to Maintain Soil Fertility." His remarks were instructive and listened to with much interest.

The afternoon session opened with music after which Prof. F. R. Crane, gave a short address, next on the program was a talk by D. O. Barle, which concluded this session. Both gentlemen are able speakers and their talks were profitable and instructive. Although it had not been generally understood that a session was to be held on Thursday evening, a large number were present and the session proved to be as enjoyable as any on the program.

On Friday morning the session opened with music, then E. D. Herbert gave a talk on "The Soil of Northern Illinois, its History and its Needs." After this came the awarding of prizes. This part of the program was looked forward to with much interest by the young people.

The prizes awarded were as follows: For best corn, first and second, George White; third, Emily Kirk. For best bread, Belle Horton. In the afternoon Miss Miriam Besley of Waukegan gave a talk on Home Economics. She handled her subject skillfully and made a favorable impression on her hearers. Mrs. Leonora Lake from St. Louis, Mo., gave a short talk. After which F. T. Fowler, of Waukegan, spoke on the subject "Milk from the standpoint of the Producer and Retailer."

On the last evening the session was given over to the W. C. T. U. The session opened with music by the ladies quartette, the speaker of the evening, Mrs. Leonora Lake was then introduced and delivered an eloquent address in the interests of the W. C. T. U., then all joined in singing America which closed the session.

Each and every one of these sessions were instructive and entertaining and it is to be regretted that the roads and weather compelled so many farmers throughout the surrounding country to remain away.

## FIFTY-SECOND ANNUAL MEETING

Of The Millburn Mutual Insurance Co., Held at Millburn Saturday Last.

The Fifty-second annual meeting of the Millburn Mutual Insurance Company was held in the Masonic Hall at Millburn Ill., on Saturday of last week. Although the meeting was well attended there were not as many present as is usual at these meetings, the condition of the roads serving to keep many away who would otherwise have attended. The morning session was devoted to the reading of the reports of the secretary and treasurer, after which the meeting adjourned for dinner.

The dinner, the main feature of which was chicken pie, was served by the Ladies Aid society and judging the quality by the manner in which it disappeared, we think it safe to say that the ladies of Millburn cannot be surpassed in the culinary art.

After dinner the meeting was called to order and business resumed. On motion the chairman was instructed to appoint a committee to draft resolutions which are as follows:

Whereas the laws of the State of Illinois limit the amount of insurance that can be written in one risk by farm Mutual Insurance Companies to four thousand five hundred dollars, and

Whereas this amount is now inadequate to give reasonable insurance to a very large number of farm buildings, also including other farm property that must now be included in one and the same risk.

Therefore be it resolved that the Millburn Mutual Insurance Company assemble this day in their 52nd annual meeting request our members of this the 8th Senatorial District to have their influence and votes to have the Farm Mutual Insurance Laws so amended as to allow Farm Mutual companies to write insurance to the amount that may be written in one risk to six thousand dollars, and be it further:

Resolved, that our secretary be instructed to mail a copy of these resolutions to each member of the General Assembly from the 8th Senatorial District.

President, Geo. Kennedy was elected as delegate to attend a meeting of the State Mutual Insurance Companies to be held at Springfield. The election of officers then took place and resulted as follows: President, George Kennedy; Secretary, John Thain; Treasurer, J. H. Bonner; Directors, Southern District, David Lee; Central District, O. B. Whitmore; Northern District, George Edwards. The number of policies in force in this company are 2048 and the amount of insurance they represent is \$3,143,800. There being no further business the meeting adjourned.

## EARTHQUAKE AT KINGSTON

## All Americans in the City Thought to be Safe.

Earthquake, followed by fire, laid Kingston, Jamaica, in waste and caused large loss of life Monday afternoon. Thousands of persons, rendered homeless, camped in the streets Monday night, too terror-stricken to search for the dead. The hospitals which escaped destruction are crowded with victims.

So badly damaged were the telegraph and cable lines by the seismic shock that it was not until Tuesday that news of the disaster reached the outside world, and even yet full details are lacking. The first definite information came late Tuesday afternoon to the colonial office from Hamar Greenwood, M. P., a member of a party of distinguished Englishmen who were attending an agricultural conference.

Mr. Greenwood made his way to Holland Bay, the cable station at the east end of the island. His message says that a very great number of buildings was destroyed by the earthquake shock, which came without warning, and that the fire added to the devastation.

The military hospital was burned and forty soldiers were reported to have been killed there. Several prominent citizens

and many others of the inhabitants of the city also perished.

Sir James Fergusson is reported to have been instantly killed, but no other English-Canadians or Americans are missing.

The Myrtle Bank Hotel, the favorite resort of American tourists, is reported to have been destroyed.

The city is quiet, but disciplined workers are needed.

The governor of the colony, Sir Alexander Swettenham, assisted by Sir Alfred Jones to attend the agricultural conference.

The absence of details is accounted for by the breakdown in cable communication, but the announcement that do Englishmen, Canadians or Americans are missing will greatly reassure the public concerning the fate of the unusual number of tourists and others who are spending the winter in Jamaica, or who were attracted there by the agricultural and cotton conferences.

The party on board the Port Kingston. The party on board the Port Kingston. The party on board the Port Kingston. The party on board the Port Kingston. The party on board the Port Kingston.

## Great Dish Washer.

Low Shank, county recorder, was married a few weeks ago, says the Indianapolis Star. The other day he appeared about his usual haunts with a forefinger bound in many bandages.

"Cut your finger?" asked one.

"Yes," said Shank.

"How?"

"On a glass," he said, mournfully.

"Burglar, eh?"

"No, not a window glass," he hastened to explain. "On a tumbler, a drinking glass."

"How in thunder?" asked the man.

"Wiping it," he said. "Ran the dish towel way down to the bottom and before I knew it I had nearly cut the end of my finger off."

"Oh, I'm one of the greatest dish washers you ever saw," he added.

"I have come to tell the editor a joke," announced the young man with long hair and big black tie.

"H'm!" grunted the office boy, as he aimed his brow at the cat. "Is it one of those jokes about automobiles breaking down?"

"It is. I have sold the editor six jokes on this order in the last week."

"Well, you won't sell him any more. He bought an automobile himself yesterday and he broke down on the trial spin and he had to walk six miles through the mud."

"You couldn't furnish any knock-down argument about your ability to do the family sewing."

"Couldn't I? Just watch me tell this seam."

## THIS MAN HAD SOME NERVE

## Marches Two Armed Men From Russell to Waukegan

Would you if you found two men hunting out of season, each of whom carried a loaded shot gun, take it upon yourself to march those men a distance of eleven miles at the point of their rifle and keep threatening them if they sought to escape, and finally, after darkness had come on, head them for the police station, where you insisted upon them being fined for shooting out of season?

That is exactly what Geo. H. Holland, son of Warren P. Holland, did Sunday afternoon when he marched two Waukegan men, Chas. Hamstead and Andrew Strand, who had been hunting and shooting squirrels out of season near Russell.

The incident is the most unusual of the kind that has ever been recorded in local police circles and shows what a man with true grit can do in the interests of the law when he sees fit.

Holland lives just south of Russell and he heard shooting on the Neville farm, a short distance to the west of his place. He took his rifle and strolled toward where he heard the shooting to see if the men were shooting game within the law.

When he got there he found Strand and Hamstead and he saw at their belts two squirrels and a rabbit. The latter was all right, but the squirrels, under the law, could not be shot at this time of year.

Holland asked the men to show him their licenses but they refused, saying that they did not have to—they admitted having them in their pockets. Holland is not a game warden but he had helped the war-

den off and on for a long time and he therefore had an interest when he saw the men had game which had been shot out of season.

When he saw that he could not get their names from their licenses, Holland determined to make them pay for their action. Accordingly he started to follow them as they went away. They told him that it would do no good, that they would not give their names and they were going to walk to their destination.

They started out but Holland stuck to them. The men had taken the electric car from Waukegan to where they were hunting but they sought to shake Holland off by walking. Holland told them at the start that he was going to stick to them to the finish, and told them if they would go to his house he would hitch up and take them to town. They refused to do so, all the time denying that they lived in Waukegan.

The fellows kept insisting that Holland leave them but he refused and said that they would have to go with him to the police station upon arriving in Waukegan, and if they attempted to get away he would shoot them.

When he made the threat he men concluded in their minds that he had said enough to get himself into trouble and freed them and they agreed to go to the station.

At the station they admitted the charge and the judge quickly imposed a fine of \$15 and costs upon each of them, and instead of fining Holland commended him upon the interest he had taken in the enforcement of the law.

## THE TALKATIVE MAN'S REVENGE.

Bidden to Hold His Peace, He Proved Capable of Doing So.

It was probably that feeling of good comradeship which comes to nearly all travelers which caused a man on one of the Philadelphia sight-seeing automobiles to put questions, point out details and air his views generally the other day to a woman who sat beside him. The woman was middle-aged and otherwise inoffensive for a flirtation, but she didn't like the man's volubility, nevertheless, and showed her ability to put a stop to it.

"Sir," she said, after a few attempts on the part of the man, "you annoy me. I don't know anything about Philadelphia and have no information to give. If you will kindly mind your own business I shall be grateful. Needless to say that the talkative sightseer retired within himself and made no further remark during the trip. At its conclusion the woman wanted read a slip which she took out of her pocketbook, but when she reached for her eyeglasses she found nothing but the chain on which they had been fastened to her bosom.

She finally, after a useless search, brought herself to ask if he had seen anything of them. "Oh! yes," he replied: "they fell off on Spring Garden street, near the United States mint. I saw the hind wheel roll over them."

## Celestial Signs.

"Yes, sir," said old Uncle Billy, who comes in occasionally with country produce, via the East Point road, "I shore do see wonders in the sky these nights. Only last night I seen 16 stars fall—all at one time, an' one of 'em come so close to me my hat wuz knocked onsidead, an' a hole burnt in the brim. Night before that, whilst I wuz a-surveyin' of the heavens—so to speak—I seen a perfect picture of a sword, 'bout where the moon would 'a' ben at that time of the mornin'; ben late; then there wuz a big crack in the sky, like a winder shutter suddenly throwed wide open, an' I hearn 'sweet singin', an' harp-playin', most distinct. Oh, there's wonderful things goin' on above you that you don't know nuthin' about—I tell you! An' there's trouble in store for this ol' country, shore's you're born. You'd better hold yer cotton for ten cents an' better. An' do you want any fresh eggs this mornin' at 30 cents?—Atlanta Constitution.

## A Request.

To the parents of children attending the intermediate room of the Lake Villa school.

By reason of the astonishing irregularity and tardiness in attendance at our school, I feel it my duty to request you to assist me in establishing a reformed condition. Kindly give your children to understand that school is a business proposition and they must not disregard the fact that the first session begins at 9:00 a. m. sharp. Impress upon them that punctuality is a necessity in every act and walk of life.

Yours Respectfully,  
Gertrude Miller, teacher.

## BY RAIL THROUGH AUSTRALIA.

Express Trains Carry Travelers With Speed and Comfort.

The four chief towns of Australia—Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney and Brisbane—are now connected throughout by railway, a total distance of 1,800 miles being accomplished by express trains in 63 hours. A visitor from Victoria to New South Wales enters the latter colony at Albury, on the southern border and 322 miles from Sydney. Albury is the changing place, where the traveler would have to leave a Victoria broad gauge train and enter a New South Wales train of the orthodox four foot eight and a half inch gauge. Pullman vestibule combined sleeping and drawing room cars and corridor first and second class cars, with lavatory accommodation and electric lighting, are provided. Stoppages for refreshments are made at convenient intervals, and Sydney is reached shortly before the middle of the day following the afternoon departure from Melbourne. The time occupied in the journey of 532 miles is seventeen and a half hours. In going from New South Wales to Queensland a traveler would leave the New South Wales railway system at Wallangarra, 492 miles from Sydney, and he would then pass into a narrow gauge Queensland train, arriving at Brisbane, the capital of Queensland, about 7 a. m. on the day after leaving Sydney, the distance of 725 miles being accomplished in 23 hours.—Engineering.

## FEW EARLY MARRIAGES NOW.

Men and Women Await Arrival of Years of Discretion.

The marrying age is steadily receding, and it is quite within the range of probability that 41 will be regarded in the future as the equivalent of the present 21.

This is partly due to the keenness of the struggle for existence; a man desires to attain a position before marrying, and he finds the years slipping by with disturbing rapidity while he is climbing the ladder.

Both men and women too, fear that they may be deceived and many enter into partnership with one who will turn out to be undesirable.

So they will spend the earlier years and then the glamor of his single life will wear off. They will have gained experience enough to enable them to judge character with fair accuracy, and then will thus be less fearful of being "taken in."

They will feel that after all, it is better to settle down with a partner. And then marriage will come in middle age. The love making will not be the same, but it may well be a more solid fire—quieter, but more enduring.

Willing to Help Along.

The cranky old bachelor was irritable. Calling the landlady, he said:

"Mrs. Hensley, who is it that keeps singing, 'I Would Not Live Alone'?"

"That is the lady in the room across the hall, sir," answered the landlady.

"Well," continued the c. o. b., "kindly give her my compliments and tell her if she keeps that up much longer she can rest assured she won't."



# ANTIOCH NEWS.

A. H. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

A Kansas woman aged 105 is suing for a divorce. It is never too late to learn.

A London physician says music will cure alcoholism. Now watch for jag-time melodies.

Kansas has plenty of corn, but the price is so good that it dislikes the prospect of being forced to fill the coal bins with it.

It is a sad thing to hear of \$500 worth of ostrich feathers going up in smoke when they make a smell no pleasanter than can be produced from burning the plumage of an ordinary 40-cent barn-yard fowl.

One of the high officials of the Standard Oil company admitted on the witness stand recently that he didn't know what his salary was. He must have a patient and extraordinary unobtrusive wife to have allowed him to go on in this foolish way for so long a time.

John Howard Larcombe, 86 years old, a veteran employee of the pension office and the man who taught Andrew Carnegie telegraphy, has just died at Beltsville, Md. When he retired from office some months ago Mr. Carnegie gave him a pension of \$100 a month for life.

The natives of the Sandwich Islands estimate women by their weight. The Chinese require them to have deformed feet and black teeth. A girl must be tattooed sky-blue and wear a nose ring to satisfy a South Sea Islander. Certain African princes require their brides to have their teeth filed into the semblance of a saw.

By placing a negative at the focus of a telescope during the hours of the night Miss Harriet S. Leavitt, one of the members of the Harvard photograph examination force, has recently discovered 36 new variable stars. These latest additions to the known twinkling points of light make a total of 1,364 stars which Miss Leavitt has discovered.

During his school career the kaiser was a model of the studious German youth. He took his place as an ordinary pupil in the public school at Cassel, and studied and played with the other scholars. At the final examination he was, indeed, only tenth in the list; but then he was two years younger than his companions, and was rightly considered to have done so well that his tutor was immediately decorated.

In a recent report of the bureau of navigation it is shown that 93 per cent. of the enlisted men in the navy are native-born Americans, and that during the year 43 per cent. of the men qualified for reenlistment did reenlist. It is highly desirable that the man behind the gun be a man of experience, and it is best that the man who may be called upon to fight should be born under the flag that floats above his ship.

Col. Barnsdale, a prominent citizen of Pittsburg, was traveling through Indian territory. While strolling around Muskogee he met an old colored woman who seemed to be an interesting character, and asked: "Aunt, how many people are there in this city?" The negro considered gravely for a few moments, and then said: "Well, boss, I reckon there's about 25,000, including the white folks." Col. Barnsdale says he thereupon saw a first illustration of how much depends upon the viewpoint.

Oklahoma's star will be added to the flag on July 4 next year if the formal admission of the state to the union takes place before that time. The war and navy departments have agreed upon the arrangement of the 46 stars, to accommodate the new one, and to make it easy to add two more when New Mexico and Arizona are admitted. The plan provides for four rows of eight stars each, and two rows of seven stars each. The rows of seven are the second and the fifth. The rows of seven can be made into rows of eight when the other territories are admitted, and the arrangement will then be absolutely regular.

The most powerful individual in China to-day is Yuan Shi Kai, the viceroy of Tientsin. He is virtually the dictator of the empire, having as his ally the aged empress dowager. No decree is issued from Peking without his approval. He is credited with having caused the Chinese government to issue the recent anti-opium decree. Yuan is a man of great force of character, and a believer in progress. He has taken many steps to modernize his country. Numerous attempts have been made to assassinate him. It is hoped that through his efforts China will be transformed into a progressive land.

Caoutchouc was introduced to Europe by M. De La Condamine on his return from Peru in 1735. "It is," said its discoverer, "a most singular resin, as much by the use to which it is devoted as by its nature, which is a problem to our most expert chemists."

Strange that when a letter writer means to muck-rake the editor he always starts in with, "I have been a constant reader of your paper, and have always considered you just and fair."



## THE DELUGE

By DAVID GRAHAM PHILLIPS, Author of "THE COST" etc.  
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CHAPTER III.—Continued.  
"We'll fix it up later, Blacklock," said he.

"All right," said I. And from that minute I was almost silent. It was something in her tone and manner that silenced me. I suddenly realized that I wasn't making as good an impression as I had been flattered myself.

When a man has money and is willing to spend it, he can readily fool himself into imagining he gets on grandly with women. But I had better grounds than that for thinking myself not unattractive to them, as a rule. Women had liked me when I had nothing; women had liked me when they didn't know who I was. I felt that this woman did not like me. And yet, by the way she looked at me in spite of her efforts not to do so, I could tell that I had some sort of unusual interest for her. Why didn't she like me? She made me feel the reason. I didn't belong to her world. My ways and my looks offended her. She disliked me a good deal; she feared me a little. She would have felt safer if she had been gratifying her curiosity, gazing in at me through the bars of a cage.

Sam—not without hesitation, as I recalled afterward—left me with her, when I sent him to bring her brougham up to the Broadway entrance. As she and I were standing there alone, waiting in silence, I turned on her suddenly, and blurted out: "You don't like me."

She reddened a little, smiled slightly. "What a quaint remark!" said she.

I looked straight at her. "But you shall."

Our eyes met. Her chin came out a little, her eyebrows lifted. Then, in scorn of herself as well as of me, she looked herself in behind a frozen haughtiness that ignored me. "Ah, here is the carriage," she said. I followed her to the curb; she just touched my hand, just nodded her fascinating little head.

"See you Saturday, old man," called her brother friendlily. My lowering face had alarmed him.

"That party is off," said I, curtly. And I lifted my hat and strode away. As I had formed the habit of dismissing the disagreeable, I soon put her out of my mind. But she took with her my joy in the taste of things. I couldn't get back my former keen satisfaction in all I had done and was doing. The luxury, the tangible evidences of my achievement, no longer gave me pleasure; they seemed to add to my irritation.

I worked myself up, or rather, down, to such a mood that when my office boy told me Mr. Langdon would like me to come to his office as soon as it was convenient, I snapped out: "The hell he does! Tell Mr. Langdon I'll be glad to see him here whenever he calls." That was stupidity, a premature assertion of my right to be treated as an equal. I had always gone to Langdon, and to any other of the rulers of finance, whenever I had got a summons. For, while I was rich and powerful, I held both wealth and power, in a sense, on sufferance; I knew that, so long as I had no absolute control of any great department of industry, these rulers could destroy me should they decide that they needed my holdings or were not satisfied with my use of my power. I was surprised when Langdon appeared in my office a few minutes later.

He was a tallish, slim man, carefully dressed, with a bored, weary look and a slow, bored way of talking. I had always said that if I had not been myself I should have wished to be Langdon.

His expression, as he came into my office, was one of cynical amusement, as if he were saying to himself: "Our friend Blacklock has caught the swollen head at last." Not a suggestion of ill humor, or resentment at my impertinence—for, in the circumstances, I had been guilty of an impertinence. Just languid, amused patience with the frailty of a friend. "I see," said he, "that you have got Textile up to 85."

He was the head of the Textile trust, which had been built by his brother-in-law and had fallen to him in the confusion following his brother-in-law's death. As he was just then needing some money for his share in the National Coal undertaking, he had directed me to push Textile up toward par and unload him of two or three hundred thousand shares—he, of course, to repurchase the shares after he had taken profits and Textile had dropped back to its normal 50.

"I'll have it up to 98 by the middle of next month," said I. "And there I think we'd better stop."

"Stop at about 90," said he. "That will give me all I find I'll need for this Coal business. I don't want to be bothered with hunting up an investment."

I shook my head. "I must put it up to within a point or two of par," I declared. "In my public letter I've been saying it would go above 95, and I never deceive my public."

He smiled—my notion of honesty always amused him. "As you please," he said, with a shrug. Then I saw a serious look—just a fleeting flash of warning—behind his smiling mask; and he added carelessly: "Be careful about your own personal play. I doubt if Textile can be put any higher."

It must have been my mood that prevented those words from making the impression on me they should have made. Instead of appreciating at once and at its full value this characteristic and amazingly friendly signal of caution, I showed how stupidly inattentive I was by saying: "Something doing? Something new?"

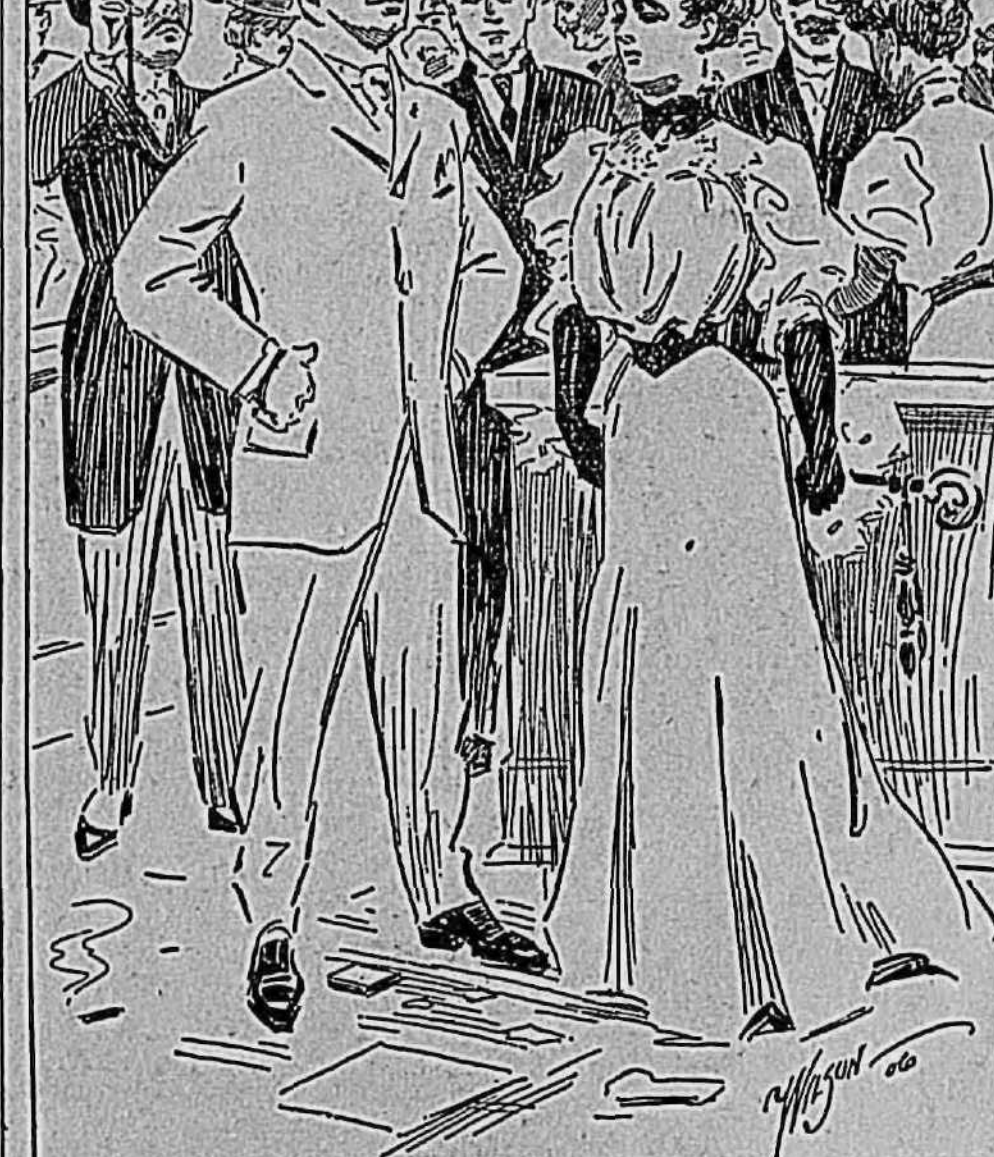
But he had already gone farther than his notion of friendship warranted. So he replied: "Oh, no. Simply that everything's uncertain nowadays."

My mind had been all this time on those Manassas mining properties. I now said: "Has Roebuck told you that I had to buy those mines on my own account?"

"Yes," he said. He hesitated, and again he gave me a look whose meaning came to me only when it was too late. "I think, Blacklock, you'd better turn them over to me."

"I can't," I answered. "I gave my word."

"As you please," said he. Apparently the matter didn't interest him. He began to talk of the performances of my little two-year-old Beachcomber; and after 20 minutes



"YOU'RE BOUND TO WIN AND I'LL SEE THAT YOU DON'T LOSE."

or so, he drifted away. "I envy you your enthusiasm," he said, pausing in my doorway. "Wherever I am, I wish I were somewhere else. Whatever I'm doing, I wish I were doing something else. Where do you get all this joy of the fight? What the devil are you fighting for?"

He didn't wait for a reply.

I thought over my situation steadily for several days. I went down to my country place. I looked everywhere among all my belongings, searching, searching, restless, impatient. At last I knew what ailed me—what the lack was that yawned so gloomily from everything I had once thought beautiful, had once found sufficient. I was in the midst of the splendid, terraced paddy beds my gardeners had just set out; I stopped short and slapped my thigh. "A woman!" I exclaimed. "That's what I need. A woman—the right sort of woman—a wife!"

IV.  
A CANDIDATE FOR "RESPECTABILITY."

To handle this new business properly, I must put myself in position to look the whole field over. I must get in line and in touch with "respectability." When Sam Ellersly came in for his "rations," I said: "Sam, I want you to put me up at the Travelers Club."

"The Travelers!" echoed he, with a blank look.

"The Travelers," said I. "It's about the best of the big clubs, isn't it? And it has as members most of the men I do business with and most of those I want to get into touch with."

He laughed. "It can't be done."

"Why not?" I asked.

"Oh—I don't know. You see—the fact is—well, they're a lot of old fogies up there. You don't want to bother with that push, Matt. Take my advice. Do business with them, but avoid them socially."

"I want to go in there," I insisted. "I have my own reasons. You put me up."

"I tell you, it'd be no use," he replied, in a tone that implied he wished to hear no more of the matter.

"You put me up," I repeated. "And if you do your best, I'll get in all right. I've got lots of friends there. And you've got three relatives in the committee on membership."

At this he gave me a queer, sharp glance—a little frown in it.

I laughed. "You see, I've been looking into it, Sam. I never take a jump till I've measured it."

"You'd better wait a few years, until—" he began, then stopped and turned red.

"Until what?" said I. "I want you to speak frankly."

"Well, you've got a lot of enemies—a lot of fellows who've lost money in deals you've engineered. And they'd say all sorts of things."

"I'll take care of that," said I, quite easy in mind. "Mowbray Langdon's president, isn't he? Well, he's my closest friend." I spoke quite honestly. It shows how simple-minded I was in certain ways that I had never once noted the important circumstance that this "closest friend" had never invited me to his house, or anywhere where I'd meet his up-town associates at introducing distance.

Sam looked surprised. "Oh, in that case," he said, "I'll see what can be done." But his tone was not quite cordial enough to satisfy me.

To stimulate him and to give him an earnest of what I intended to do for him, when our little social deal had been put through, I showed him how he could win \$10,000 in the next three days. "And you needn't bother about putting up margins," said I, as I often had before. "I'll take care of that."

He stammered a refusal and went out; but he came back within an hour, and, in a strained sort of way, accepted my tip and offer.

"That's sensible," said I. "When

As soon as I saw that lady, I knew what it was that had been hiding at the bottom of my mind and rankling there.

Luckily I was alone; ever since that lunch I had been cutting loose from the old crowd—from all its women, and from all its men except two or three real friends who were good fellows straight through, in spite of their having made the mistake of crossing the dead line between amateur "sport" and professional. I leaned over and tapped Sammy on the shoulder.

He glanced round, and when he saw me, looked as if I were a policeman who had caught him in the act.

"Howdy, Sam?" said I. "It's been so long since I've seen you that I couldn't resist the temptation to interrupt. Hope your friend'll excuse me. Howdy do, Miss Ellersly?" And I put out my hand.

She took it reluctantly. She was giving me a very unpleasant look—as if she were seeing, not somebody, but some thing she didn't care to see, or were seeing nothing at all. I liked that look; I liked the woman who had it in her to give it. She made me feel that she was difficult and therefore worth while, and what all we human beings are in business for—to make each other feel that we're worth while.

"Just a moment," said Sam, red as a cranberry and stuttering. And he made a motion to come out of the box and join me. At the same time Miss Anita and the other fellow began to turn away.

But I was not the man to be cheated in that fashion. I wanted to see her, and I compelled her to see it and to feel it. "Don't let me take you from your friends," said I to Sammy. "Perhaps they'd like to come with you and me down to look at my horse. I can give you a good tip—he's bound to win. I've had my boys out on the rails every morning at the trials of all the other possibilities. None of 'em's in it with Mowghill."

"Mowghill!" said the young lady—she had begun to turn toward me as soon as I spoke the magic word "tip." There may be men who can resist that word "tip" at the race track, but there never was a woman.

"Mowghill!" said Miss Ellersly. "What a quaint name!"

"My trainer gave it," said I. "I've got a second son of one of those broken-down English noblemen at the head of my stables. He's trying to get money enough together to be able to show up at Newport and take a shy at an heiress."

At this the fellow who was fourth in our party, and who had been giving me a nasty, glassy stare, got as red as was Sammy. Then I noticed that he was an Englishman, and I all but chuckled with delight. However, I said: "No offense intended," and clapped him on the shoulder with a friendly smile. "He's a good fellow, my man Monson, and knows a lot about horses."

Miss Ellersly bit her lip and colored, but I noticed also that her eyes were dancing.

Sam introduced the Englishman to me—Lord Somebody-or-other, I forget what, as I never saw him again. I turned like a bulldog from a toy terrier and was at Miss Ellersly again. "Let me put a little something on Mowghill for you," said I. "You're bound to win—and I'll see that you don't lose. I know how you ladies hate to lose."

That was a bit stiff, as I know well enough now. Indeed, my instinct would have told me better then, if I hadn't been so used to the sort of women that jump at such an offer, and if I hadn't been casting about so desperately and in such confusion for some way to please her. At any rate, I hardly deserved her sudden frozen look. "I beg pardon," I stammered, and I think my look at her must have been very humble—for me.

The others in the box were staring round at us: "Come on," cried Sam, dragging at my arm, "let's go."

"Won't you come?" I said to his sister. I shouldn't have been able to keep my state of mind out of my voice, if I had tried. And I didn't try.

Trust the right sort of woman to see the right sort of thing in a man through any and all kinds of barriers of caste and manners and breeding. Her voice was much softer as she said: "I think I must stay here. Thank you, just the same."

As soon as Sam and I were alone, I apologized. "I hope you'll tell your sister I'm sorry for that break," said I.

"Oh, that's all right," he answered, easy again, now that we were away from the others. "You meant well—and motive's the thing."

"Motive—hell!" cried I in my anger at myself. "Nobody but a man's God knows his motives; he doesn't even know them himself. I judge others by what they do, and I expect to be judged in the same way. I see I've got a lot to learn." Then I suddenly remembered the Travelers Club, and asked him what he'd done about it.

"I've been—thinking it over," said he. "Are you sure you want to run the risk of an ugly cropper, Matt?"

I turned him round so that we were facing each other. "Do you want to do me that favor, or don't you?" I demanded.

"I'll do whatever you say," he replied. "I'm thinking only of your interests."

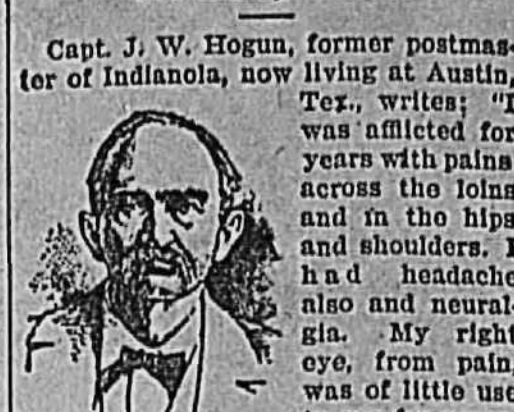
"Let me take care of them," said I. "You put me up at that club to-morrow. I'll send you the name of a secondor not later than noon."

"Up goes your name," he said. "But don't blame me for the consequences."

(To be Continued.)

## UTTERLY WORN OUT.

Vitality Sapped by Years of Suffering with Kidney Trouble.



Capt. J. W. Hogan, former postmaster of Indianapolis, now living at Austin, Tex., writes: "I was afflicted for years with pains across the loins and in the hips and shoulders. I had headache also and neuralgia. My right eye, from pain, was of little use to me for years. The constant flow of urine kept my system depleted, causing nervous chills and night sweats. After trying seven different climates and using all kinds of medicine I had the good fortune to hear of Doan's Kidney Pills. This remedy has cured me. I am as well to-day as I was twenty years ago, and my eyesight is perfect."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

## NOT DOOMED TO SECLUSION.

Austrian Nuns of Noble Blood Lead Pleasant Lives.

The "first lady" in the Austro-Hungarian court is now the abbess of the Theresian Convent of the Noble Ladies in Prague, a position which is always held by an archduchess. The Archduchess Maria Annunciata, the present abbess, who is a niece of the emperor, has succeeded to the position of first lady through the widowhood of the Archduchess Maria Josefa, wife of the late Archduke Otto. The noble nuns of Prague live a very different life from what is the usual conception of convent life. They play a leading part in the society of the city and are not even compelled to live in the abbey, where each is provided with two rooms and service. Handsome carriages with liveried servants are also provided for their use, and they have a box in the opera. Each noble lady is paid \$500 a year, while the abbess has a salary of \$10,000. When they attend court balls they must wear black evening dress with a ribbon of light blue.

## Always to Be Depended Upon.

When a person gets up in the morning with a dull headache and a tired, stretchy feeling, it's an almost certain indication that the liver, or bowels, or both, are decidedly out of order.

At such times Nature, the wisest and best of doctors, takes this means to give warning that she needs the help and gentle assistance which can best be obtained from that old family remedy, Brandreth's Pills, which have been in use for over a century.

They are the same fine laxative tonic pill your grandparents used when doctors were few and far between, and when people had to have a remedy that could absolutely be depended upon.

Brandreth's Pills can be depended upon, and are sold in every drug and medicine store, plain or sugar-coated.

## French President's "Double."

M. Fallieres was, until recently, believed to be the only president of the French republic who had no double, but his counterpart has been found. The man who most resembles him physically is a respectable merchant of the Rue Saint Honore, who plays his part with decorum and dignity. He wears exactly the same kind of blue butterfly necktie with white dots as the president, the same kind of hat and exactly so oddly cut a beard. And on his promenades he is always accompanied by a friend who could easily be taken for the president's private secretary. Dignified and with measured steps, the enviable double walks through the Faubourg Saint Honore and feels overjoyed at being saluted on all sides.

## Novelist's Early Earnings.

A pocket series of Mr. Thomas Hardy's stories is to be published soon, and lately a complete edition of his books in 20 beautiful volumes was issued in America with success. When Mr. Hardy took the manuscript of "Under the Greenwood Tree" to the late Mr. Tinsley that enterprising publisher offered the novelist the sum of \$125 down for the book. Mr. Hardy accepted the sum, although he owned that he was "a bit disappointed," adding that, nevertheless he "meant to keep on." Next came his book "A Pair of Blue Eyes," for which Mr. Tinsley gave the novelist \$500, saying: "There is no money in the book, but I can see that Hardy is going to get a grip some day."

## COSTLY PRESSURE.

Heart and Nerves Fail on Coffee.

A resident of a great western state puts the case regarding stimulants with a comprehensive brevity that is admirable. He says:

"I am 68 years old and have had considerable experience with stimulants. They are all alike—a mortgage on reserved energy at ruinous interest. As the whip stimulates but does not strengthen the horse, so do stimulants act upon the human system. Feeling this way, I gave up coffee and all other stimulants, and began the use of Postum Food coffee some months ago. The beneficial results have been apparent from the first. The rheumatism that I used to suffer from has left me. I sleep sounder, my nerves are steadier, my brain clearer. And I bear testimony also to the food value of Postum—something that is lacking in coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. There's a reason. Read "The Road to Wellville," the quaint little book in pkgs.



# ILLINOIS SUES RAILROAD FOR MILLIONS OF DOLLARS

## Attorney General Starts Case Against Illinois Central---Charges Company with Falsifying Statements of Gross Earnings.

Springfield, Ill.—The suit of the state of Illinois against the Illinois Central Railroad for the collection of several million dollars which the state alleges has been withheld from the state's share of the gross earnings of the railroad was filed in the state supreme court Monday morning by Attorney General Stead. Summons in the case was issued by the clerk of the court and served on J. H. Lord, local agent of the Illinois Central, in the absence from the county of President Harahan.

### Synopsis of the Bill.

The bill sets out the act of congress granting public lands to the state of Illinois to aid in the construction of a railroad, and the act of the general assembly of Illinois and the amendments thereto, incorporating the Illinois Central Railroad company.

It avers that under said act of congress the company constructed a main charter line from Cairo to La Salle, and two branches, one from La Salle to Dunleith and the other from Centralia to Chicago, and received from the state in aid thereof and without cost 2,635 acres of land, from the sales of which it received more than \$20,000,000. That said main charter line and branches were the only lines of railroad the company was authorized to build or operate under its charter, and that down to about 1877 the charter lines comprised practically the entire system controlled and operated by the company.

That about 1877, the company, assuming to act under the general laws of the state, began to build, lease and acquire other lines and branches of railroad in Illinois and elsewhere, for the purpose of building up and controlling a great and extensive system of railroads.

### Bridges Parts of Track.

The bill alleges that the lines east and west of the Mississippi river are connected by the Dubuque bridge, which is leased and controlled by the company, and is in reality simply a piece of railroad track. That the lines north and south of the Ohio river are connected by the Cairo bridge, which was built in name by the Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad company and immediately thereafter leased to the Illinois Central. That the Illinois Central furnished all the money to build said Cairo bridge and controls all of the stock of the Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad company, and is, and always has been in fact, the real owner of the Cairo bridge, which, so far as the state is concerned, is merely a piece of railroad track.

That the charter lines and the other lines acquired since 1877 (which other lines are designated non-charter lines), together with the Dubuque and Cairo bridges, have been and still are controlled and operated as one entire system, and the total proceeds and income thereof are collected by the company.

That it is the duty of the company, under its charter, to pay into the state treasury, semi-annually, five per centum of the gross income derived from the charter lines, and to keep and pay into the treasury a copy of such account, sworn to by its treasurer and secretary, and in addition, to list annually with the auditor for state taxation, all of its stock, property and assets, and pay into the state treasury the taxes assessed thereon, and in the event that said five per centum and said state taxes do not equal to at least seven per cent. of the gross earnings or income derived from the charter lines, to pay into the treasury the difference, so as to make the whole amount paid into the treasury in each and every year at least equal to seven per centum of the gross proceeds, receipts or income derived from the charter lines.

### Duties Not Fulfilled.

That from 1850 to 1886 the company refused to list with the auditor its stock, property and assets, for the purposes of state taxation, and refused to pay into the treasury an amount equal to at least seven per cent. of the gross receipts or income derived from the charter lines.

That since 1887, it has been the duty of the company, not only to ascertain the gross receipts or income derived from the freight, passenger and other traffic transported exclusively over the charter lines, but also to credit the charter lines with a just and fair proportion of all freight, passenger and other earnings or income of the entire system in which the charter lines participated; but that the company has uniformly and systematically failed to do so.

That since the company has uniformly deducted an arbitrary charge of two cents per 100 pounds for all freight of every kind hauled over the Cairo bridge, and an arbitrary charge of 25 cents for each passenger hauled over said Cairo bridge, which said arbitrary charges have been credited to bridge arbitrary and deducted from the total freight and passenger charges respectively, and no portion of said arbitrary charges and deductions have ever been reported to the governor as a portion of the gross receipts or income of the charter lines. That at least one-half of the arbitrary charges so made, and which amount in the aggregate to hundreds of thousands of dollars, has been unlawfully and fraudulently deducted from the gross proceeds or income derived from the charter lines.

### Division of Earnings.

That a large portion of the proceeds of the operation of the company's system of railroads is derived from the carriage of freight, passengers, mail, express and excess baggage, from stations on its charter lines to stations on its non-charter lines, and to and from points on other lines connected therewith, and that it was and is the duty of the company to divide such portion of such proceeds or income between the non-charter lines and the charter lines as to yield to the charter lines their due and just shares of such proceeds or income, to the end that the state may receive such share of such gross or total income as it is entitled to under the charter. That in making such division, the only fair, equitable and practicable method is in accordance with the number of miles the traffic is transported over the charter and non-charter lines respectively, but that the company has not practiced this method or any other fair method in the division of said proceeds of income, but in making the divisions of freight, passenger and other earnings between the charter and non-charter lines, has uniformly adopted and applied arbitrary and craftily contrived rules and methods, uniform only in this, that they have resulted in defrauding the state out of large portions of money which it was justly entitled under the company's charter.

The bill sets out numerous illustrations and examples of the alleged vicious, fraudulent and unfair methods practiced by the company in the division of freight, passenger and other earnings between the charter and non-charter lines, and recites other ways in which earnings apparently have been decreased.

### Its Surplus Invested.

The bill further alleges: That the company, in the operation of its railroads and in the transaction of its business, has annually realized such large profits that, in addition to the payment of dividends from year to year upon its capital stock, it has had a large surplus amounting to many millions of dollars, which it has invested from time to time in bonds, stocks of other corporations, and other interest-bearing securities, which bring to the company a large annual income. That since 1886 its income derived from this source alone has been over \$3,000,000. That the income derived from this source is a part of the gross proceeds or income derived from the charter lines, within the meaning of the bill, and the company has uniformly failed to credit said charter lines with said income, or any part thereof.

### Calls Statements Untrue.

That since 1877 the company has presented to the governor, semi-annually, purported statements of the gross proceeds or income derived from the charter lines, copies of which purported statements are attached to the bill as exhibits.

The bill alleges that such statements, and each of them, are false and untrue, are made in accordance with the vicious and unlawful practices set out in the bill, omit large amounts of the earnings and income derived from the charter lines, and are not verified by either the treasurer or secretary of the company, as required by the charter.

### Kept Accounts Secret.

That the officers of the company have refused to permit the governor, or his representatives, to examine certain of its books, records and papers pertaining to the business of the charter lines, have unlawfully removed many of its books, records and papers pertaining to the business of said charter lines to the state of New York, and that the officers of the company claim and pretend that many of the books, records and papers of the company which pertain to the business of said charter lines have been lost or destroyed and cannot be produced for examination. That by reason thereof, and because of the extent and magnitude of the accounts, only a meager examination of a portion of the records and books of the company has thus far been made, and the state has been unable to discover all of the vicious methods and unlawful schemes and devices practiced by the company by means of which the receipts or income of the charter lines have been minimized and reduced. That in order to ascertain the amount justly due the state, it will be necessary to examine great numbers of accounts, many of which are intricate and complicated, and great numbers of vouchers, papers and documents, and to make thousands of computations in the apportionment of earnings between the charter and non-charter lines, as well as in other matters, and that owing to the magnitude of the accounts, the difficulties of examination, and the extent of the computations, the remedy of the state in an action at law is wholly inadequate and entirely impracticable. That though the state, through its officers, has frequently requested the company to make a full and fair account, it has refused to do so, and on various flimsy and untrue pretexts claims that the state has been paid all of the moneys to which it is entitled under the charter.

### Prays for an Accounting.

The bill prays that the company be required to make full discovery and disclosure concerning the gross proceeds, receipts or income derived from the charter lines, and that an accounting may be had, the balance of the moneys due the state ascertained, and that for such purposes the company be required to produce all of its books, vouchers and papers of every kind and character relating to the business of the charter lines. That in taking such account, there shall be added to the amount of gross receipts, as they purport to be stated in the semi-annual reports made to the governor, all gross proceeds, receipts or income omitted therefrom, and that the basis for an accounting as to the various matters set forth in said bill be fixed and determined by the court, and the company be decreed to pay to the state whatever amounts shall be found to be due upon such accounting, together with the costs of the state.

## WORK FOR ASSEMBLY

### MEASURES OF IMPORTANCE TO BE ACTED UPON.

## RAILROAD LEGISLATION

### Illinois Central Case the Principal Thing in Sight—Governor Wants Money to Fight Company in Courts.

Springfield.—Both Republican and Democratic leaders in the house of representatives are planning to push the work of the legislature this session and the lower branch of the assembly will be ready for work far earlier in the session than two years ago. The committee on rules, of which the speaker is chairman, will decide on permanent rules to govern the house. There will be some debate over them if Representative Robert W. McKinley, the recalcitrant Cook county member who created such consternation among the old wheel horses of both parties by trying to force an amendment to the temporary rules so that bills could not be smothered in committee, makes good his intention of again offering his amendment and trying to secure a vote on it. The measure of his success will depend almost entirely on his individual ability to gather support, as the veteran members on both sides say such a rule would keep the house in session almost until the next legislature is ready to meet.

State Treasurer-Elect Smulski will not take office until January 23. The postponement of the date of the transfer of the office of state treasurer from Len J. Small to Mr. Smulski from January 1 to the 23d is made, it is said, in order that the state depository commission bill, introduced in the senate, may be acted upon by the legislature.

### General Assembly in Session.

The Forty-fifth general assembly of Illinois buckled into its biennial business at noon January 9, convening in a session that is expected to be more prolific in important enactments than any other in the chronicles of the state.

The house was called to order by Secretary of State Rose, who at once sent the pages scurrying about the chamber with blank oaths for members to sign. Three members were appointed to wait on Chief Justice Guy C. Scott of the supreme bench with a request that he administer the oath. The chief justice appeared, the house stood in a body, the 162 members present raised their right hands and were sworn in.

Organization proceeded in the routine manner. C. J. Lindly nominated C. M. Gaunt, of Pulaski, as temporary speaker, and J. J. Poulton, of



Edward D. Shurtliff.

Chicago, presented the name of John C. Werdell as the choice of the Democrats. The vote stood 91 for Gaunt and 61 for Werdell, the three prohibitionist members lining up with the Republicans.

The slate of officers selected by the Republicans at their caucus was then put through on viva voce vote and the session settled down to the election of permanent officers.

In a highly laudatory speech Frank R. Covey, of Belyidre, nominated Edward D. Shurtliff as the unanimous choice of the Republicans, while Charles S. Luke dwelt on the qualifications of Douglas Patterson of Freeport, the Democratic nominee, for the place. The vote was perfunctory and after it was over Mr. Shurtliff was conducted to the chair. Chief Justice Scott administered the oath, after which the speaker briefly addressed the house.

The first session of the senate was called to order by Lieut. Gov. Sherman, and, after the usual routine order of business was followed, the slate of officers selected by the Republican caucus was put through. The oath was administered by Chief Justice Scott. Senator S. C. Pemberton was elected as president pro tem.

The publicity bureau of the Legislative Voters' league was opened on the third floor of the Unity building.

### Will Not Alter Church Name.

The synod of the Springfield diocese of the Episcopal church voted down a resolution to change the name of the church to the American Catholic church. It was submitted by Rev. R. J. Bell, of Belleville. It was announced that the will of the late Bishop Seymour provides a site for the location of a cathedral in this city. The synod fixed the salary of Bishop Edward W. Osborne, who succeeds Bishop Seymour, at \$2,000 per annum, with \$400 for incidentals. This is the same that Bishop Seymour received.

### Asks Money to Fight Railroad.

In a special message to the legislature Gov. Deneen makes a startling arraignment of the Illinois Central Railroad company, charging it with illegal and dishonest practices in fulfilling its charter obligations to the state. The governor asks for an extraordinary appropriation of \$150,000 to enable him to push to a definite conclusion a suit to be started by the attorney general within the next six days.

The law suit is made necessary by the attitude of E. H. Harriman. Starting out with the assertion that the Illinois Central would pay every cent which it owed the state, he finally offered to pay some of the claims if others were dropped. Gov. Deneen, on his part, proposed that the company pay the claims which it admitted were just and submit the others to a law suit. Harriman refused, and now the entire matter will have to be fought out in the courts.

The total amount of the state's claim, as it now stands, is believed to be \$4,800,000, and the examination of the company's passenger and express accounts is not yet completed. The final totals may present a substantial increase over this amount.

Gov. Deneen, in his message, declares that the incomplete examination of the expert auditors employed by him has revealed the fact that the Illinois Central has made arbitrary rulings which deprived the state of revenue, has withheld various items of income from its statement of gross receipts on which compensation is to be paid, and has adopted various policies calculated to give the state as little and the company as much as possible.

In one or two instances a specific statement of the loss sustained by the state is made, but these are not the most important items. The section treating of the Dubuque bridge arbitrary allows the inference that the state has lost in the neighborhood of \$700,000 because of the practice which the company inaugurated in 1900 of deducting two cents per hundred pounds from earnings of all freight crossing the bridge.

The Cairo bridge arbitrary, which deducts 25 cents for each passenger and two cents per hundred pound for all freight carried over that bridge, is said to have cost the state at least \$45,000 a year.

The fact that the company makes no return on its investments is said to have cost the state its seven per cent. on an income approximating \$3,362,000.

The legislature is left to imagine that the largest loss has been suffered because of an improper distribution of earnings between the charter road and its affiliated lines. Gov. Deneen shows that on one haul which consisted of 400 miles of charter line and 13 miles of an affiliated branch the company credited the 13 miles with \$2,317 and the 400 miles of charter line with \$2,532.

In another instance it is shown that where five miles of branch road and 360 miles of charter line was used the branch line was credited with 20 per cent. of the earnings and charter lines with 80 per cent.

### Begin Suit Against Railroad.

Suit to force an accounting in the state by the Illinois Central railroad, equivalent to action to recover millions of dollars in back taxes, was filed in the supreme court at Springfield January 14 by Attorney General W. H. Stead. It was to cover the expenses involved in this suit that Gov. Deneen asked the legislature to appropriate \$150,000.

The period for which the accounting is asked is from 1877, when the Illinois Central first acquired control of mileage other than that granted by charter provision, to the present date. Within that time, the attorney general charges, the state has not been paid anything like the seven per cent. of the road's gross income to which it is entitled under the charter.

The amount out of which it is claimed the statement has been defrauded is not set forth in the petition, as this can be determined only by the accounting prayed for. In Gov. Deneen's message to the legislature, however, he places the state's share uncovered by a partial examination of the books at \$4,800,000, and says a complete investigation doubtless would largely increase this.

Gov. Deneen, when seen at Springfield, declined to discuss the action taken, but said the state's answer to President Harriman's statement would be made in court.

In the absence of President J. T. Harahan in New York, Jacob Dickinson, general counsel for the company, was asked to express his views on the situation. "Mr. Harahan," he said, "has given the only interview that will be given in the case until we have had a chance to study the exact phraseology of the instruments filed. I shall do my talking in court."

### Dates Set for State Fair.

The state board of agriculture at its recent meeting fixed September 27 to October 4, inclusive, as the time for holding the state fair this year.

### Value of Experiment Stations.

Eugene Davenport, dean and director of the college of agriculture at the University of Illinois, in discussing the value of experiment stations throughout the state, says: "The whole matter is reducible to the study of the first principles involved, and agriculture will take a new step every time a new fact or principle is discovered, provided always that leading farmers are so associated with the work as to be ready to see at once its true significance."

## HIS EYES OPEN

### Why They Are No Mail Order Catalogues in One Home.

## FARMER WILLIAMS' LESSON

### In Time of Adversity He Got to Understand Who Were His Real Friends—Prosperity in Standing Together.

(Copyright, 1906, by Alfred C. Clark.) "What y' got there, Sis?" Inquired Farmer Williams, as he kicked off his felt boots and set them carefully behind the stove to dry. "That's what I thought it looked like, one of them there Chicago catylogs, though I hain't seen one o'lost for quite a few years back. Me an' your ma ust to buy mighty high everything we used out of them catylogs when we first come to Kansas. Land sakes, I have to laugh now sometimes when I think of the way we would git ketcht on in awhile. They's some cheap things in them catylogs, an' then agin they's a lot o' ain't so cheap. Y' never kin tell till they come, an' then it's too late to send 'em back. But as I was a sayin', we hain't bought nothin' out of a catylog fer a right smart o' years now, an' the way it come about I had as well tell y', cause I don't think y' really remember much about it."

"When we come to Kansas long in the first of the '80's we got along right well. We was able to pay cash fer what we got, and we got the money fer everything we sold. We was payin' out on the place right along; crops was purty good an' we was a feelin' like the Lord was a smilin' on our efforts, and the happy home we dreamed about when we first got married was in sight."

But they come a change in Kansas long in the last half of the '80's. Times got hard and kep a gittin' tighter. Four straight years it was so dry y' had to soak the hogs afore they'd hold swill—though I will say they was some extra reason on account of the swill bein' so thin—wheat just died in the ground fer want of rain, and the hot winds billed the everlastin' sap out of the corn. They wasn't no pasture, no nothing. You can know we was a feelin' purty blue about that time, but we was young and strong, and thought with the chickens an' hogs we could git through anyway."

"Then one day you got to complainin' and lookin' so thin it worried us. Your ma is a middlin' good doctor, take it all around, but nothin' she could think of done you any good. Well, you kep a gittin' pindler and pindler, till you got so sot y' wouldn't do nothin' but set in a chair by the kitchen stove, wrapped in your ma's old shawl, an' you looked so pitiful that we made up our minds to have the doctor, even if it took th' last chicken on the place. Well, he come, and after he'd looked at you awhile an' felt your pulse, he shet his watch up with a snap, an' says, quiet like: 'Better fix up a warm place fer her in the front room, don't have too much light nor any drafts to strike her.' Then we knowed it wain't no small sickness we had to fight, an' when we got you fixed up in bed I follered Doc. out on the porch an' I says: 'Well, Doc., sez I, 'what's the matter with our little girl?'"

"I don't want to skear ye, Mr. Williams," says he, "but I'm afraid she's in for a siege of typhoid fever."

"Well, after he was gone I went out in the kitchen an' told your ma, but she says, brave as kin be: 'Well, Ezra, if the Lord has seen fit to put that much more on our load we must bear up an' fight it out doin' our duty the best we kin, leavin' the rest to him.' An' I thought so too. So we jest kep our hearts brave an' done what seemed right t' do."

"The hardest thing was to figure out where t' git the medicine, an' fruit, an' dainty things your sickness called for."

"I really hain't so bad to look back at it now after th' trouble is over, but them hard years in Kansas drove nearly all our neighbors t' give up their land an' move away, broke in hopes an' pocketbook. Them of us as stayed is purty well fixed now, but we fit fer everything we got, an' fit hard, too. An' O, yes, about th' catylogs. Well after you was well an' things begun t' take a turn fer th' better, one night ma brought out that Chicago book an' laid it on the kitchen table an' says: 'Ezra, what do you want t' do with this?' An' I sez: 'Les burn it.' An' your ma sez: 'Jest what I was thinkin', too.' An' so we did burn it, an' what's more, we ain't never had one in th' house since, an' we never send away fer anything we can git at any of the stores in Huston, 'cause we want to deal with them as has an interest in the country we live in, an' in us people that live close by."

"Why, you needn't of put yours in th' stove, too, Elsie, I didn't mean—yes, I don't know, but what it's jest as well y' done it after all."

Folk denounces Mail Order Idea. Addressing a meeting of retail merchants in Jefferson city recently, Governor Folk, of Missouri, said: "We are proud of our splendid cities, and we want to increase wealth and population, and we also want our country towns to grow. We wish the city merchants to build up, but we also desire the country merchants to prosper. I do not believe in the mail-order citizen. If a place is good enough for a man to live in and to make his money in, its good enough for him to spend his money in."

No merchant can succeed without advertising in one way or another. Patronize your town papers, build them up, and they will build the town up in increased trade and greater opportunities. Do not be afraid that business is going to be hurt by the recent exposures of wrong-doing in the commercial world."

Mixture of Many Nations. Louis N. Parker, the dramatist, was born in France; his father was an American, his mother an English woman; his first language was Italian, and he was educated in Germany.

In the end, I have faith in th' country, an' in the people that live here, an' nobody's sick baby is a goin' to suffer if I kin help any."

"Well, it was the same thing at Harlow's grocery, an' th' coal yard, everywhere in th' town. 'Gertie, Mr. Williams, we'll see y' through on this.' It made me feel mean an' small some way, though I don't know why. An' often when they'd put in a few oranges or somethin' like that, sayin' in a 'pologizin' sort of way, 'Little somethin' fer th' sick baby, Williams,' why somehow it made a hard lump come up in my throat, an' I had a queer feelin' in my eyes, kinder achy like, y' know."

"Well, to be short about it, fer eight weeks you kep a gittin' weaker an' weaker, an' we kep a feelin' more an' more hopeless. It was a sad Christmas in our home that year. Your ma was jest wore out with watchin' an' tryin' to do her work between times, an' I was so nigh sick with trouble an' discouragement t' I ust to go around by the barn an' jest cry like a baby. But I never let on to your ma though, ner sho t' me. We tried t' encourage each other though we knowed in our hearts t' all our cheerful words was lies, an' each one knowed the other knowed it too."

"Well, jest th' night before New Years Doc. called us outside your



I Sez: Les Burn It.

room. Oh, how my heart sunk then! I don't want to hold out any false hopes to you people," he says, "but I think with proper care from now on, your little girl is goin' t' git well."

Elsie, it seemed jest like a ton of hay had been lifted off my chest right there. As fer your ma, why she jest busted down an' cried as hard as she could. After Doc. was gone we went out to the kitchen an' kneeled down right there an' thanked God fer the most glorious New Year's gift he ever give t' anybody in th' world—the health of our baby girl. You know your pa ain't no ranter or shouter; yer ma bein' a Baptist has furnished most of th' religion fer our house, but jest then I seen how it was that they comes times in people's lives when they've jest got to have somethin' bigger an' greater than anything human t' turn to with a great joy or a great sorrow."

"Well, it was a long time yet before you was strong, enough t' play out doors, an' it was a hard winter. I burned every post of the fence afore the south eighty fer firewood afore it was over. But it seemed like we had so much t' be thankful fer that we was strong t' care fer any of th' smaller troubles that we come across."

"It really hain't so bad to look back at it now after th' trouble is over, but them hard years in Kansas drove nearly all our neighbors t' give up their land an' move away, broke in hopes an' pocketbook. Them of us as stayed is purty well fixed now, but we fit fer everything we got, an' fit hard, too. An' O, yes, about th' catylogs. Well after you was well an' things begun t' take a turn fer th' better, one night ma brought out that Chicago book an' laid it on the kitchen table an' says: 'Ezra, what do you want t' do with this?' An' I sez: 'Les burn it.' An' your ma sez: 'Jest what I was thinkin', too.' An' so we did burn it, an' what's more, we ain't never had one in th' house since, an' we never send away fer anything we can git at any of the stores in Huston, 'cause we want to deal with them as has an interest in the country we live in, an' in us people that live close by."

"Why, you needn't of put yours in th' stove, too, Elsie, I didn't mean—yes, I don't know, but what it's jest as well y' done it after all."



"Why Cert'nee, Mr. Williams, Jest Let Us Know What You Want."

for. We hadn't been tradin' much with the stores in Huston, buyin' mostly from the catylog folks y' know, an' so we didn't have any credit there to speak of. But I went t' Foster, th' druggist, an' I told him how things was. I didn't have no money t' pay fer th' medicine an' things, an' the prospects fer the next year was as poor or poorer than th' last."

"Why cert'nee, Mr. Williams," he says, "jest let us know what you want an' we'll carry you along till times come better fer you. We're all in a tight pinch now, but if we hang 'together things is all goin' to come out right

### Japan for Disarmament.

Tokio.—In accordance with the indications shown in the budget for the next fiscal year, of the government's desire for peaceful development, it is declared Japan favors the submission of the question of disarmament to The Hague peace conference.

### Venezuela Shuns World's Fair.

Caracas.—Venezuela will not take part in the Jamestown exposition. Announcement to this effect is made by the government. The illness of President Castro is the reason given.

### Shah's Brother Tries Suicide.

Paris.—A special dispatch received here from Teheran says that Malik Mansour Mirza, the second son of the late shah, made an unsuccessful attempt Monday to commit suicide by taking opium. He and the shah are on bad terms.

### King Victor Receives Stead.

Rome.—King Victor Emmanuel Monday received W. T. Stead in private audience and expressed himself as being heartily in accord with the latter's pacific mission.



# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY  
A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

It is asserted the watch trust is going to advance prices. But probably we can still buy time pieces on tick.

If Persia's new constitution will only look at ours, it will see a great many things that are liable to happen to it.

That rumor about Mr. Cortelyou resigning from the National Committee must feel very much surprised at being verified.

Governor Hughes Hews, is the headline in a New York paper, and the chances are that a lot of New York office holders are going to feel the axe in the neighborhood of the cervical vertebra.

In the course of a little while the country will know whether Congress considers that the President was within his rights in discharging the members of the 25th infantry who were dishonorably mustered out of service. This is one of the finest opportunities that the opponents of the Administration in Congress have had to make a personal fight on the president, thinly veiled under the show of regard for law and facts. The President has strong defenders on the floor of both the House and the Senate and by the time the contest is over the Senate in particular will know that there has been a fight in its neighborhood. As to the law in the case Senator Lodge outlined it very plainly in his opening speech this week and the public that follows the debate and its outcome may bear it firmly in mind that there is just one point of law to be settled no matter how the opposition may try to muddy the water. Two points can be raised, one of law, and the other of fact. As Senator Lodge says there is no question that there was shooting at night on the streets in Brownsville, the fact that remains to be determined is whether it was the soldiers who did the shooting, or citizens disguised as soldiers. There was one man killed, another so badly wounded that his arm had to be amputated and another had his horse shot under him narrowly escaping death. An investigation on the ground may and ought to bring out whether it was the citizens, willing to stop not even at murder, who did the shooting in order to cast disgrace upon the soldiers, or whether it was the soldiers themselves who are guilty. The President will be perfectly willing to see this point of fact settled if it can be settled, but about the law in the case, there is absolutely no question. The President is the Commander-in-Chief of the army and as such he can enlist and dismiss soldiers at pleasure. Senator Lodge in his defense of the President has armed himself with a multitude of precedents in this line and showed conclusively that it was always the commander in chief's prerogative in every clime and country to dismiss soldiers or whole regiments of them if he deemed it for the good of the service or the public. Senator Lodge pointed out that an enlistment was a contract terminable not at the option of the soldier, but of the commander of the army who employed him. This has been held true innumerable times, and if it were not true there would be no safety for the country could an armed regiment be retained in its place on the rolls in defiance of its superior officer. The Attorney General, the Constitutional League and any one else who wishes to investigate the affair may discover all the facts they choose about who actually did the shooting. But about the President's right to dismiss as many companies or regiments as he chooses it would seem from Senator Lodge's statements there can be no question whatever.

## How to Cure Chills.

"To enjoy freedom from chills," writes John Kemp, East Otisfield, Me., I apply Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Have also used it for salt rheum with excellent results. Guaranteed to cure fever sores, indolent ulcers, piles, burns, wounds, frost bites and skin diseases. 25 cents at J. H. Swan's drug store.

## A Symptom of Servantitis.

Lady—Your references are far from satisfactory.

Maid—References go for little nowadays. Yours were no good, but I thought I'd try you."

## The Right Name.

Mr. August Sherpe, the popular overseer of the poor, at Fort Madison, Ia. says, Dr. King's New Life Pills are rightly named, they act more agreeably, do more good and make one feel better than any other laxative. Guaranteed to cure biliousness and constipation. 25 cents at J. H. Swan's drug store.

## Adjudication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber executor of the estate of John White, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, in said county, on the first Monday of March next, 1907, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said court for adjudication. SUSIE KENNEDY, Executor. Waukegan, Ill., Dec. 22, 1906.

## Cured of Lung Trouble.

"It is now eleven years since I had a narrow escape from consumption," writes C. O. Floyd, a leading business man of Kershaw, S. C. "I had run down in weight to 135 pounds, and coughing was constant both by day and by night. Finally I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery, and continued this for about six months, when my cough and lung trouble were entirely gone and I was restored to my normal weight, 170 pounds." Thousands of persons are healed every year. Guaranteed at Swan's drug store. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

## Is He Worth Catching?

It costs the devil little trouble to catch a lazy man.—From the German.

Piles get quick relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Remember it is made alone for Piles and it works with certainty and satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Try it and see. All dealers.

## Up Against It.

Wedderly—I broke a mirror last night. Singleton—They say that's a sign of bad luck. Wedderly—You bet it is. It will cost me \$25 to replace it.

Mothers who give their children Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup invariably endorse it. Children like it because the taste is so pleasant. Contains Honey and Tar. It is the original Laxative Cough Syrup and is unrivaled for the relief of croup. Drives the cold out through the bowels. Conforms to the National Pure Food and Drug Law. Sold by J. H. Swan.

## Blind as a Bat.

"Do you believe that love is blind?" "I know it." "How do you know it?" "From looking at the kind of men."

If you are constipated, dull or bilious or have a sallow lifeless complexion try Lax-ets just once and see what they will do for you. Lax-ets are little toothsome candy tablets, nice to eat, nice in effect. No griping, no pain. Just a gentle laxative effect that is pleasantly desirable. Handy for the vest pocket or purse. Lax-ets meet every desire. Lax-ets come to you in a beautiful lithographed metal box at 5 cents and 25 cents. Sold by all dealers.

## "Girls."

Mr. Newcomb—Really, Miss Grace, your face is very familiar, but I can't think who it is you resemble.

Miss Grace—No? Mr. Newcomb—No; it's either the Scrubitt Tooth Wash Girl or the Tippler's Tonic Girl, one or the other.—Puck

## Wise Counsel From the South.

"I want to give some valuable advice to those who suffer with a lame back and kidney trouble." Says J. R. Blankenship of Beck, Tenn. I have proved to an absolute certainty that Electric Bitters will positively cure this distressing condition. The first bottle gave me great relief and after taking a few more bottles, I was completely cured, so completely that it becomes a pleasure to recommend this great remedy. Sold under guarantee at J. H. Swan's drug store. Price 50c.

## PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, "How to Secure Patents and Trade-Marks," write to CASNOW & CO., DEPOSITARY U.S. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D.C.

## Wrinkles

come surely to weak women, who have to frown and endure the torture due to the diseases peculiar to their sex. Not only wrinkles, but hollow, lack-lustre eyes, sallow complexion, gray hair, all of which tell of premature old age. The prevention of this lies in your own hands. Cure the disease that causes your suffering, and strengthen your weakened constitution, with

## WINE OF CARDUI

## WOMAN'S RELIEF

of which Mrs. Mary Irvin, of Pamplin City, Va., writes: "I think it is the best on earth for all suffering women. My doctor did me no good. I suffered untold misery from head to foot, but the first dose of Cardui gave me relief, and when I had taken one bottle, I felt like a new woman." The above seems to prove that Cardui will relieve your pain, strengthen your constitution and renew your youth. Try it.

At all Druggists, \$1.00

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

LAKE COUNTY TITLE AND TRUST CO.  
ABSTRACTS OF TITLE. TITLES GUARANTEED.  
MAJESTIC TEMPLE BUILDING,  
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.  
LOUIS J. GURNEK, Secretary.

W H Murphy to Mary E Weissert lot 10 blk 112 North Chicago qd 8 5 00  
John Ott and wife to Frank Ott 10 acres in sec cor sec 30 Deerfield twp w d 5 00  
Eva V Schneider and Hus to W O Ott lots 29 30 31 blk 5 Deerfield Park w d 150 00  
Fred Johnson and wife to Gustaf Malmstrom lot 6 and n½ lot 7 blk 6 Lenox'sub Waukegan wd 700 00  
F H Miller and wife to City of Waukegan east part lot 190 Cummings & Co's North avenue ad Waukegan qd 1 00  
F P Dymond and wife et al to H B Eger lot 5 Dymond's 1st sub Libertyville wd 400 00  
J W Cummings and wife to J P Kline and wife easterly 5 feet of westerly 63 feet lot 7 Cummings sub in sec 22 Deerfield twp wd Mrs Lena Gaggin to G B Bartlett lot 1 blk 2 Harden's ad to Antioch w d 325 00  
Anna B Bower to Benjamin Lindquist and K G Fossberg land adjoining lot 8 Bradley's sub in sec 34 West Antioch twp d 1 00  
John Woodbridge and wife et al to Poyette Presbyterian Academy lot 11 blk 27 Washburn Park wd 225 00  
J C Whitney and wife to Clara P Catlow lot in village of Lake Zurich wd 10 00  
Jacob Schley and wife to Mary Schlar 10 acres in sw¼ sec 24 Vernon twp wd 500 00  
Herbert K Mathews estate to P A Duncan 10 acres in sw¼ sec 24 Vernon twp d 405 44  
Chicago title and trust Co to F M Brock lot 11 blk 26 Chicago Highlands d 310 00  
Geo Thurlwell to Almon S Alma B and Nora L Thurlwell lot 10 blk 3 Grayslake w d 200 00  
Chicago Title and Trust Co to R S Beall lot 40 blk 12 Chicago Highlands d 250 00  
R O Evans and wife to P J Gurley lot 10 Evans' sub Highwood wd P A Robinson and wife to Bertha Brand lot in village of Grays Lake wd 155 00  
W H Sterrett and wife to H C Bradford lots 7 8 9 blk 2 Compton's ad Highwood qd 1200 00  
H C Bradford and wife to A L Leighty lots 7 8 9 blk 2 Compton's ad Highwood wd 1500 00  
Vincent Jackson to J B Jackson lot in sw¼ sec 27 West Antioch twp wd 1 00  
Vincent Jackson to Sarah Faden lot in sw¼ sec 27 West Antioch twp wd 1 00  
Jas Gordon to John Griffith lot 280 Lake Forest wd 1650 00  
Mary D Hurd to H F Rogers lot 14 blk 34 Chicago Spring Bluff qd 1 00  
John Wessendorf et al to Lena Nordstrand lot 2, except west 6.13 feet, blk 42 Lake Bluff, wd Chas M Wilcox and wife et al to Eloy Lindstrom 6 acres in nw¼ sec 14 Vernon twp wd 600 00  
James H Fair to David Swarthoit et al w½ lots 2 3 blk 1 Kirk and Powell's ad Waukegan wd 1000 00

## DR. E. FORD GAVIN

Graduate of St. Luke's Hospital, Chicago  
Surgeon to Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, Waukegan  
Surgeon to McAllister Hospital, Waukegan

## SPECIALIST

## IN

## GENERAL & SPECIAL SURGERY

## EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

The Removal of Superfluous Hair and Treatment of Various Blemishes of the Face  
Spectacles and Eye Glasses Fitted at Lowest Prices

HOURS:—8 to 12 a. m. 1 to 5 p. m. 7 to 8 p. m. except Thursday afternoons Sunday 10 to 12 a. m.

Office in "Gables" WAUKEGAN, ILL.

## EUGENE M. RUNYARD

ATTORNEY AT LAW.  
TELEPHONE 1803.  
218 Washington St. WAUKEGAN, ILL.

## DR. MORRELL DENTIST

Lake Villa - - - Illinois  
Office in the new Hamlin Building  
Nothing but the best of material used and all work guaranteed.  
Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sunday by appointment.  
Telephone Lake Villa 373

## The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Little touches of backache should not be allowed to go untended. Rheumatism and many other things follow. A box of Dr. Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills will bring relief quickly. They drive the poison from the body. Act on the liver as well as the kidneys. A 25 cent box holds a week's treatment. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Wide Range of Training.  
Another millionaire has married his trained nurse. The training of these professional nurses seems to be quite comprehensive in its scope.

Food don't digest? Because the stomach lacks some one of the essential digestants or the digestive juices are not properly balanced. Then too, it is this undigested food that causes sourness and painful digestion. Kodol for indigestion should be used for relief. Kodol is a solution of vegetable acids. It digests what you eat, and corrects the deficiencies of the digestion. Kodol conforms to the National Pure food and drug law. Sold here by J. H. Swan.

## Just Received a New Line of Boots

Men's best Snag Sporting Boots. Men's best Snag Foot Gum Top. Men's best Snag Short Boots. Men's best Snag Foot Short Boots. Men's Duck Short Boots. Boys' Snag Foot Boots. Lads' Rubber Boots. Misses' Rubber Boots. Chil's Rubber Boots. Also a full line of Heavy and Light Rubbers for Men, Boys, Ladies and Children. The best there is to be had :: :: :: :: ::

J. E. ENGMAN

ANTIOCH ILLINOIS

## JOHNE. SIBLEY

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Will furnish all kinds of

## LUMBER

in carload lots for building purposes and at prices that will astonish you

See him before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHN E. SIBLEY, Antioch, Ill.

## HEADQUARTERS FOR School Supplies

COMPOSITION BOOKS  
SCHOOL BOOKS AND TABLETS  
PENS PENCILS INK

JAMES H. SWAN

ANTIOCH, DRUGGIST ILLINOIS

## A BIG SALE OF CLOTHING AT WILLIAMS BROS. DEPARTMENT STORE

During the month of January before inventory we offer this extraordinary sale of Men's Clothing consisting of OVERCOATS AND SUITS

Overcoats worth	\$6.00	we offer at	\$4.00
"	7.00	"	4.50
"	9.00	"	6.00
"	10.00	"	6.50
"	12.00	"	7.50
"	13.00	"	8.50
"	14.00	"	9.00
"	15.00	"	10.50
"	16.00	"	12.00
"	17.00	"	12.50
"	18.00	"	13.00
Suits worth	10.00	"	6.50
"	12.00	"	7.50
"	13.00	"	8.50
"	14.00	"	9.00
"	15.00	"	10.50
"	17.00	"	12.00
"	18.00	"	13.50

Also a large line of Men's Heavy Pants at \$2 to \$2.50



## LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

ELGIN, Ill., Jan. 14.—Butter firm at 29c. Output of the week, 570,300.

H. B. Pierce was a Chicago passenger Monday.

H. Gelstrup was a Lake Villa visitor over Sunday.

W. S. Westlake was a Chicago passenger on Monday.

J. C. James, Jr., transacted business in Waukegan Monday.

B. F. VanPatten was a Lake Villa visitor on Monday last.

Mrs. Carrie Hook and Mrs. Wm. Smart were Waukegan visitors on Monday.

For Rent—A farm of 35 acres, south of town. Inquire of Edwin Willon. 20w2

Miss Mary Drury returned home on Monday after spending a week with friends at Evanston.

For Rent—The rooms over the millinery store on Main street. Inquire of J. J. Morley.

Charles Houthling will move into the Chris Larsen house on Lake Ave., the first of February.

If you are in need of glasses you can see Dr. Barber at the home of H. J. Barber, Antioch, Saturday, Jan. 19. No charge for examination.

For Rent—The place known as the Frank Kingman farm, 1 1/2 miles from Denhaus corners, consisting of 211 acres, will rent for cash or on shares. 20w3

On Friday evening Jan. 25 there will be a ball at Grace's Hall under the management of H. Gelstrup who furnishes his four piece orchestra, a guarantee of good music. Supper at Somerville's restaurant.

For Rent—A farm 2 1/2 miles from Gurnee, 214 acres with stable room for 50 or more head of cattle, is thoroughly tilled, on gravel road, and is one of the best improved farms in the county. Inquire of H. C. Lincoln. 16u1

The Knickerbocker Ice Company has finally concluded to repair the old ice house at Loon Lake. This ice house was partially destroyed by fire several months ago. A large gang of carpenters has been employed and the work will begin as soon as the lumber arrives.

Miss Annie Victoria Crossdale, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Crossdale of Clyde, Ill., and Samuel J. Garwood, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Garwood of this place were united in marriage, at Chicago, Ill., on Monday, January 14. Their many friends extend congratulations, and best wishes for a long and happy life. Mr. and Mrs. Garwood will be at home in Antioch about the first of February.

The members of Lotus Camp, M. W. A. have been doing some lively work of late. They are preparing to hold a special meeting on Saturday evening of this week for the purpose of initiating four candidates into the mysteries of Woodcraft. All members of Lotus Camp are requested to be present, also an invitation is extended to any visiting neighbor. Mr. Riley, head director; Mr. Dyer, head deputy of Illinois; Dr. Rutledge, head physician for Illinois; members of Ingleside camp and others will be present to assist in the work.

Something new for the eyes. Crystal Vetro lenses for headaches. Invisible Bifocals for both far and near sight. Call Wednesday, Jan. 23, at the Lux Hotel and see them. Eyes tested free.

Bertha Emmert, Expert Optician.

A Golden Rule. Never deny your assistance, nor over do anybody any hurt.—French peasant saying.

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## HUSTLE IS SEEN IN LEGISLATURE

Further Advancement Made in One Week Than Ever Before.

STILL THERE IS MUCH AHEAD

Deneen's Message Has Furnished Plenty in the Way of Proposed Legislation.

Speculation as to the Make-Up of the Republican Steering Committee—Democrats for Direct Primary Law.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 15.—According to the statements of veterans in the Illinois legislature, that body is further advanced at the opening of the second week of the session today, than ever before within their experience.

The unanimity of action at the outset, resulting in the unopposed election of Edward D. Shurtliff, of Henry county, to the speakership of the house, and the abolition of the United States senatorship contest from the assembly are factors that have figured largely in the rapid shaping up of the body.

Especially is this true of the speakership. With the fact settled last November that Mr. Shurtliff would be the choice of the Republican majority, that individual began work at that time upon his committees with the result that they are now nearly ready to submit.

Speaker Shurtliff states that he may be able to make public the list of committees the last of this week. In any event, they will be announced next week, at the latest. This will mean a saving of three or four weeks in committee work, as it is ordinarily well along in February when this portion of the organization is complete.

The Steering Committee.

Speculation among the members is confined largely to the make-up of the Republican steering committee—that select body in whose hands are held the destinies of the other members. The chairmanship of this committee, especially, is the source of much discussion. Indications are that Judge Cicero J. Lindly, of Bond county, is to be the favored one, although several of the Chicago members are opposed to the selection of a country member for the head of the committee.

The name of Chester W. Church, of Cook county, who was chairman of this committee two years ago, is mentioned for the honor again, but Judge Lindly appears to have the most support.

Governor Deneen's biennial message to the assembly has furnished sufficient in the way of proposed legislation to keep the lawmakers busy for weeks to come. Several of the recommendations already have taken form in the shape of bills and more will be forthcoming in the next few days. Executive influence will be a great aid to the passage of these measures and it is generally expected that the end of the session will find most of the governor's projects realized.

For Direct Primary Law.

Democratic members are preparing to renew their fight of two years ago in favor of a direct primary law. At the Democratic house caucus last week, a resolution was offered by Mr. McGorty, of Cook, and adopted by unanimous vote, declaring it to be the sense of the caucus that the Democratic members make every effort to secure the passage of a direct primary bill at the present session. Since that time Douglas Patterson, of Freeport, the new minority leader, has declared himself in favor of a direct primary bill and announced that the minority would attempt to secure the passage of such a measure.

There appears little likelihood, however, of such a law being enacted. In his message Governor Deneen recommended that some slight changes be made in the present law, but he favors leaving the existing law on the statute books, at least until it has been given a fair trial.

Deneen's Recommendation.

The one change of importance recommended by Governor Deneen in the primary law is an amendment extending the same to cities. The governor is especially interested in this plan and expresses the hope that a bill bearing an emergency clause will pass early in the session, so that the law may be applied at the forthcoming municipal elections throughout the state. He is especially interested in seeing the law applied in the majority election in Chicago this spring.

The executive plan, however, will meet with opposition on the Democratic side. While there appears to be no particular objection among the Democrats to such an extension of the law, they do not care to aid the governor's political glory by assisting in the passage of an act from which the governor will derive the benefit, and political credit.

Treasurer Not Yet in Charge.

In line with one of Governor Deneen's recommendations in his message, State Treasurer-Elect Shurtliff has not yet assumed charge of this

## MID-DECEMBER SALE

GROCERIES.

21 lbs. fine Granulated Sugar..... \$1 00  
9 bars Lenox Soap..... 25  
6 bars Galvanic Soap and 1 Palm Olive..... 25  
18 bars Calumet Family Soap..... 25  
7 bars Wool Soap..... 25  
9 lbs. White Rolled Oats..... 25  
2 pkgs Yeast Foam..... 05  
4 pkgs Egg O See..... 25  
3 pkgs Toasted Corn Flakes..... 25  
Baker's Premium Chocolate, per pkg..... 14  
4 lbs. best Powdered Sugar..... 25  
7 cans good Canned Sweet Corn..... 25  
Fancy Navy Beans, per peck..... 45  
25 lbs. Buckwheat Flour..... 75  
Armour's bulk Lard, per lb..... 10  
Armour's Star Hams, per lb..... 15

DRY GOODS.

Standard Prints, per yd..... \$ 04  
10c Outing Flannels, per yd..... 07  
15c Danish Cloth, per yd..... 12  
Corticelli spool Silk, 50-yd spool..... 03

## HOLIDAY EXHIBITION

M. Field & Co's spool Silk, 50-yd spool..... 03

7 spools Thread..... 25  
2 spools Satin Gloss Crochet Thread..... 05  
3 papers best Brass Pins..... 10  
2 papers nickel plated Safety Pins..... 06  
Childs fancy Bordered Handkerchiefs..... 01  
Mennen's Talcum Powder..... 12  
25c bottle Graves Tooth Powder..... 10  
Sewing Machine Needles, each..... 01  
Knitting Needles, set of 4..... 01  
President Suspenders, per pair..... 33

CANDY, NUTS, FRUIT

Broken Mixed Candy, lb..... 08c  
Peanut Taffy or Brittle, lb..... 10c  
Choice Mixed Candy, lb..... 06c  
Chocolate Cream Drops, lb..... 14c  
Chocolate and Maple Fudges, lb..... 15c  
Fancy Small Sugar Mixed, lb..... 10c  
Dipped Caramels, lb..... 18c  
Fresh Mixed Nuts, lb..... 08c  
Oriole Seeded Raisins, lb..... 10c  
Navel Oranges, per dozen..... 15c  
Bananas, per dozen..... 10c  
Fancy New York Eating Apples per peck..... 25c  
9 lbs. Sweet Potatoes..... 25c

## F. D. BATTERSHALL

General Merchandise

Grayslake, Illinois

## WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 58 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—ANTIOCH STATION.

GOING NORTH  
Lv. Chicago..... 8:35 AM—No. 5, Daily ex. Sunday 10:50 AM  
1:30 PM—No. 7, Daily ex. Sunday, 3:34 PM  
4:30 PM—No. 13, Daily..... 6:23 PM

GOING SOUTH  
Lv. Antioch..... 7:18 AM—No. 14, Daily..... 10:20 AM  
11:17 AM—No. 8, Daily ex. Sunday, 1:16 PM  
4:14 PM—No. 6, Daily ex. Sunday, 6:16 PM  
8:17 PM—No. 2, Daily..... 10:00 PM

Patrons can now board or leave trains Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8 at the Antioch station if so desired.  
GEO. KUHAUPT, Agent, Antioch.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 27, A. F. & A. M., hold regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome.  
E. C. SADIN, W. M.  
GEO. BARTLETT, Sec'y.

The Eastern Star meets Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.  
MAUDE SADIN, W. M.  
MABEL GRIMM, Sec'y.

LOTUS CAMP No. 567, M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome.  
C. M. MARLEY, V. C.  
J. C. JAMES, Jr., Clerk.

J. C. JAMES, JR., UNDERTAKER.

Licensed Embalmer  
Licensed by the State Board of Health

112 Genesee St., Waukegan, Ill.

SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED

G. F. INGALLS  
Jewelry and Optician,  
112 Genesee St., Waukegan, Ill.

BANK OF ANTIOCH.

EDWARD BROOK, BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE, AND DO A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

THIS IS IT

USE A-B STOVE POLISH

QUICK!—EASY! OUTLASTS ALL OTHERS! SOLD EVERYWHERE

AYLING BROS. CHICAGO

THE ORIGINAL LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP

For all Coughs and assists in expelling Colds from the system by gently moving the bowels. A certain relief for group and whooping cough. Nearly all other cough cures are constipating, especially those containing Opium, Kennedy's Laxative Honey & Tar moves the bowels, contains no Opium.

The Best Cough Syrup and the Honey & Tar Syrup are sold in every bottle.

KENNEDY'S LAXATIVE HONEY AND TAR

PREPARED AT THE LABORATORY OF E. C. DAWITT & CO., CHICAGO, U. S. A.

J. H. SWAN, ANTIOCH.

## Heart Strength

Heart Strength, or Heart Weakness, means Nerve Strength, or Nerve Weakness—nothing more. Positively, not one weak heart in a hundred is, in itself, actually diseased. It is almost always a hidden little nerve that really is all at fault. This obscure nerve—the Cardiac, or Heart Nerve—simply needs, and must have, more power, more stability, more controlling, more governing strength. Without that the Heart must continue to fail, and the stomach and kidneys also have these same controlling nerves.

This clearly explains why, as a medicine, Dr. Shoop's Restorative has in the past done so much for weak and ailing hearts. Dr. Shoop first sought the cause of all this painful, palpitating, suffocating heart distress. Dr. Shoop's Restorative—this popular prescription—is alone directed to these weak and wasting nerve centers. It builds; it strengthens; it offers real, genuine heart help. If you would have strong Hearts, strong digestion, strengthen those nerves—re-establish them as needed, with

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

"ALL DEALERS"

Chicago & Milwaukee Electric Railroad

TO

RACINE, WIS.

Trains now run through between

Evanston and Racine

EVERY THIRTY MINUTES

FARES:

Rockefelle III to Kenosha 55c Round trip \$1.00

Rockefeller to Racine 75c Round trip \$1.30

Connection is made at Racine with Electric Cars for Milwaukee

## It Quiets the Cough

This is one reason why Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is so valuable in consumption. It stops the wear and tear of useless coughing. But it does more—it controls the inflammation, quiets the fever, soothes, heals. Ask your doctor about this.

The best kind of a testimonial—  
"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Also manufacturers of

SARSAPARILLA, PILLS, HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Hasten recovery by keeping the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills.



## WIFE SLAYER LYNCHED

JAMES CULLEN HANGED BY MOB AT CHARLES CITY, IA.

### SMASH WAY INTO JAIL

Ministers, Women and Leading Citizens in Crowd—Victim Had Killed His Spouse and Young Step-Son.

Charles City, Ia. — James Cullen, a white man 60 years old, who had murdered his wife and young stepson, was taken from the jail here Wednesday night by a mob and hanged from the bridge that crosses the Cedar river. The lynchers, who were headed by some of the leading citizens of the town, made no attempt to disguise themselves.

The summary execution was witnessed by more than 1,000 persons, including some women and children and four ministers. A prayer service preceded the lynching.

The crowd gathered about the jail at nine o'clock. With a railroad from they battered down the door and with picks and axes quickly cut through the wall and secured possession of the prisoner. Immediately after hanging Cullen the crowd dispersed.

**Feared He Would Escape Death.**

Judging from the expressions about town the hanging was largely the result of the commutation granted to Louis Busse, the Bremer county wife murderer. Busse, who murdered his wife within 15 miles of Charles city, was twice granted reprieves and then his sentence was commuted to life imprisonment.

One of Cullen's sons, it is said, was hanged by a mob in Missouri near Joplin a dozen years ago for horse stealing. Cullen had been married three times, his two former wives leaving him. His brother, Richard Cullen, a banker, from Warren, Ill., who was in the city, did not hear of the lynching until it was all over.

Men who participated in the hanging stated Wednesday night that they did not fear prosecution. They said that they disliked mob violence but considered that if lynching was ever justifiable, it was in the case of Cullen. They declared that the estate of \$50,000 which he had accumulated as a contractor here, would have been used to fight his case in the courts and that it would be years before he would have been punished, if ever.

James Cullen, a wealthy contractor, killed his wife and his 15-year-old stepson at four o'clock Wednesday morning, at his home on East Clark street, and attempted to commit suicide, but failed. He first murdered his wife with a large knife and then went to where the boy, James Eastman, was sleeping. When the lad felt the knife blade touch his throat he battled bravely with his step-father and gained possession of the weapon.

Doards in the house were aroused, as was also Cullen's brother. He with Prof. Rudd and Royal Jacobs took the knife away from Cullen and the boy started to town to summon the marshal. As he went out the front door Cullen shot him twice, killing him instantly. He then attempted to kill himself by shooting.

**Lynchers to Be Arrested.**

Des Moines, Ia.—Gov. A. B. Cummins Thursday ordered immediate prosecution of as many as possible of the mob that lynched a murderer at Charles City. The leaders of the band, are known and will be arrested.

### BIDS FOR PANAMA CANAL.

Nashville and New York Men offer Figures Lower Than Anticipated.

Washington.—Proposals opened by the canal commission for the entire construction of the Panama canal were as low as had been expected by experts in construction work. Several members of the commission believed seven per cent. of the estimated cost of the construction would be a fair remuneration under the contract prepared by the commission.

The lowest proposal, that of William J. Oliver of Knoxville, Tenn., and Anson M. Bangs of New York, who offered to do the work for 6.75 per cent. of the estimated cost, falls even lower than had been hoped for. Granting that the estimate of \$140,000,000 for the construction of the canal is accurate, the remuneration of the Oliver-Bangs combination would be \$9,450,000.

Much discussion was caused by the great difference in the only four bids received, as they ranged from 6.75 per cent. to 28 per cent.

### To Probe Senator Bailey.

Austin, Tex.—A resolution was introduced Friday in the senate of the Texas legislature, signed by 14 members out of 50 composing that body, demanding an investigation of Senator Bailey and Attorney General Davidson and their connection with the readmission of the Waters-Pierce Oil company into Texas after its ejection under the anti-trust laws.

### Killed in Collision.

Bloomington, Ill.—Fireman J. A. Flke was killed, Fireman C. E. Cummings probably fatally injured and six other train men were wounded when two light engines on the Chicago & Alton railroad collided during a fog.

### Railroad Man Dead.

Laredo, Texas.—Capt. Thomas W. Dadd, vice-president of the Texas-Mexican railway, died at his residence in this city early Monday, after a protracted illness.

## PONCE IS SAFE IN HARBOR

TOWED TO THE BERMUDAS BY A TRAMP STEAMSHIP.

Capt. Harvey Cables That Shaft Broke —Passengers and Crew All Are Well.

New York.—The steamship Ponce, with a broken shaft but safe, is riding at anchor in St. George's bay, the Bermudas, and her crew of 52 persons and the seven passengers aboard are reported "all well."

This assurance was received direct from Capt. W. A. Harvey by the owners, the New York and Porto Rico Steamship company, Friday evening. Friday's cable reported that the long overdue steamer had reached the fortified harbor in tow of the German steamer Elizabeth Rickmers, but a message from the master himself had been eagerly awaited by General Manager Mooney of the line and still more anxiously by the captain's wife in Brooklyn.

Mr. Mooney stated that a representative of the company would sail on the steamer Bermudian for Bermuda Saturday, furnish bonds for the indemnity of the Elizabeth Rickmers and immediately after arrange for a tow to bring the Ponce to New York. The passengers will be offered the option of coming to New York on the Ponce or taking passage on the next Quebec Steamship company's steamer leaving the islands for New York.

The Ponce, it appears, was but two days' sail from New York when her machinery was disabled. She sailed from Ponce, Porto Rico, December 26, and on December 30 broke the shaft in the stern tube. Roughly estimated, the vessel was then 350 miles from this port which ordinarily she would have made on New Year's day. Helpless, the Ponce drifted for ten days, her signals of distress being picked up by the German steamer on January 8. The Rickmers, Capt. Walsen, had sailed two days earlier from Philadelphia for Nagasaki and Shimonoseki.

### "HANGMAN" PAVLOFF SLAIN.

Czar's Advocate General Is Shot Down by Assassin.

St. Petersburg.—Lieut. Gen. Vladimir Pavloff, the military procurator or advocate general, generally known since the days of the late parliament as "Hangman Pavloff," from the epithet constantly applied to him by the radical deputies, was shot and killed at ten o'clock Wednesday morning while walking in the garden of the chief military court building, near the Molka canal.

The assassin, who was disguised as a military clerk, was captured after a long chase through the crowded city streets, during which he fired about 40 shots from two revolvers which he carried, killing a policeman and wounding a small boy.

Vice Admiral Doubassoff, ex-governor general of Moscow and at present a member of the council of empire, has received notification that another attempt upon his life will be made.

Lodz, Russian Poland.—Col. Patko Andrieff, chief of the gendarmes of the Lodz district, was shot and killed Thursday on Polna street. An infantry patrol fired a volley at the assassin, but he escaped.

### CONFESSES TO THE COX MURDER

Prisoner in Kentucky Case Implicates Hargis and Callahan.

Jackson, Ky.—John Smith, one of the men under indictment for the murder of Dr. B. D. Cox, has made a confession, which is now in the hands of Commonwealth Attorney Jouett. Smith names ex-Judge Hargis and ex-Sheriff Edward Callahan as moving spirits in the crime. He says that Hargis and Callahan induced him to enter the conspiracy against Cox, making promises to see that he was acquitted and to give him a job. He declares Callahan gave him \$100 after the killing, saying "Jim" Hargis sent it to him.

### DAKOTA COAL FAMINE.

Great Northern President Again Urged to Relieve It.

Washington.—The interstate commerce commission again urged President James J. Hill of the Great Northern railroad to further efforts to relieve the fuel famine in North Dakota. Commissioner Harlan, moved by a letter from Senator Hansbrough declaring conditions were growing worse and that starvation might be added to the sufferings from cold, wired to President Hill that the latter was expected to do all in his power, "regardless of expense or other sacrifice."

### Shaw of Persia Dead.

Teheran, Persia.—Official announcement of the death of the shah at 11 o'clock Tuesday night, was made at nine o'clock Wednesday morning from the office of the grand vizier. The news of the death of the shah was received quietly by the people.

### Stove Works Burned.

Detroit, Mich.—Fire gutted a great portion of the large plant of the Michigan Stove works on Jefferson avenue Tuesday evening, causing a loss estimated at \$750,000, while the entire plant was insured for but \$380,000.

### Bad Sleet Storm in Southwest.

Kansas City, Mo.—An unusually severe sleet storm in western Kansas and throughout Oklahoma and Indian territory Friday crippled wires south from Kansas City.

## SHORTEN HIS HOURS.



Death is working overtime on all the railroads and if congress can reduce his labors it can't be done too quickly.

## SUIT HITS SUGAR TRUST

STORY OF MANY TRAGEDIES TO BE TOLD IN COURT.

Receiver of Pennsylvania Concern Will Ask Damages for Alleged Fraud and Conspiracy.

New York.—The sugar trust and its principal officers will be called upon within a few days to defend actions for damages aggregating \$20,000,000, and to answer in the federal courts the direct charge that by conspiracy and fraud they brought about the financial ruin of a competitor, wrecked the Real Estate Trust company of Philadelphia last summer, and drove its president, Frank K. Hipple, to suicide.

H. O. Havemeyer, president of, and John E. Parsons, general counsel for the American Sugar Refining company, are among the officers named in the legal papers already drawn up by the attorneys for George H. Earle Jr., Philadelphia's great organizer, who is receiver for the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining company.

Mr. Earle has laid the allegations of the conspiracy, with his evidence, before the attorney general's department at Washington, and criminal actions by the federal government under the Sherman anti-trust law are expected.

There is a fully equipped modern sugar refinery in Shackamaxon street, on the Delaware river, in Philadelphia, which has a capacity for turning out 4,000 barrels a day, but which has never been operated since it was built in 1903. It is charged by Receiver Earle that the sugar trust, by chicanery, obtained control of this refinery and has kept it idle, with the intent not only of stifling the competition the refinery was built to create but of ruining Adolph Segal, who projected it, and along with him several thousand innocent holders of stock and bonds.

### TOBACCO TRUST IS GUILTY.

Two of Its Companies Convicted in Licorice Paste Trial.

New York.—A jury in the United States circuit court Thursday returned a verdict in the so-called "tobacco trust" trial, which had been on hearing before Judge Hough for the past three weeks. The jury acquitted Karl Jungbluth and Howard E. Young on all the counts charging conspiracy in restraint of trade and combining to control the licorice paste industry, but found the MacAndrews & Forbes company and the J. S. Young company guilty on two counts, one of forming an illegal combination and the other of being a monopoly.

The corporations named, which were joint defendants with Jungbluth and Young, were acquitted of the charge of conspiracy.

### Governor Demands Back Taxes.

Springfield, Ill.—Governor Deneen sent a special message to the legislature Thursday recommending an emergency appropriation of \$150,000 for the purpose of preparation and trial of the suit against the Illinois Central Railway company to collect back taxes claimed to be due the state under its charter provision requiring the payment of 7 per cent. of its gross earnings yearly to the state.

### Gives His Life for a Boy.

Riverdale, Mich.—Elbert W. Gibson, principal of the schools here, was drowned Friday while trying to save 14-year-old Harry Valance, who had broken through the ice while skating. Gibson leaves a widow and six children.

### Gas Explosion Kills Two.

Wilmington, Ill.—Two men were killed and more than a score of persons injured, including several women, by an explosion of acetylene gas at a card party in Woodman's hall here.

## WORK FOR PEACE.

Move to Organize Branch of Civic Federation in Chicago.

Chicago.—Labor and capital, the workers of Chicago and their employers, met Saturday night on common ground and equality. The project of settling their difficulties by conciliation brought them together at the residence of Mrs. Hyter Palmer, 100 Lake Shore drive.

It was a conference under the auspices of the National Civic Federation and was attended by more than 600 persons. Perhaps half of them were trade unionists and probably every labor organization in the city was represented. The object of the meeting was the organization of a branch of the Civic Federation for Chicago and the central west.

As a result of the conference a meeting will be held in Chicago this week at which a western branch of the National Federation will be organized.

Chicago, according to the plan, will become the central point from which the efforts of the National Civic Federation will be exerted throughout the central and middle western states, as they have been heretofore in the eastern and New England states.

## MANY LINES BUT ONE CONTROL.

Facts About Harriman System Drawn from J. C. Stubbs.

Chicago.—Determined efforts were made by the attorneys representing the government before the interstate commerce commission Wednesday to show that the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific ownership by E. H. Harriman comprised a combination which restricted competition.

J. C. Stubbs, operating director of the Harriman system of railroad and steamship lines, was on the witness stand for hours under the closest questioning by Attorney F. B. Kellogg.

According to the opinion expressed by Mr. Kellogg the government had made out a clear case.

"The evidence of Mr. Stubbs shows conclusively," he said, "that there is no competition between the two systems; that both are controlled by the same set of officials; that rates are the same, and the general agencies in this part of the country have been consolidated."

Mr. Stubbs, however, maintained that the control of the Union Pacific by the Southern Pacific did not affect competition between the two systems.

## Result of a Feud.

Cincinnati, O.—As a result of a two years' quarrel over the line fence between the farms of Newton Mitchmore and two brothers by name of Fisher, which culminated in a personal encounter, Newton Mitchmore, aged 40, was shot and instantly killed and his brother-in-law, Redmond, was shot through the right hand. Redmond was assisting Mitchmore. The farms are located on the Indian Hill road within three miles of the city limits. The Fisher brothers have been arrested.

## Must Pay Quake Losses.

Hamburg.—The North German Fire Insurance company, according to a decision rendered by the local court in a test case, must pay the losses incurred as a result of the San Francisco earthquake of last year.

## Schoolhouse Burns.

St. Paul, Minn.—A Grand Forks special to the Pioneer Press says: The lives of over a score of little ones were imperilled by a fire which almost totally destroyed St. John's academy. There were 82 children in the building when the fire broke out, but all were rescued.

## Big Suit Filed.

Springfield, Ill.—An abstract of 2,500 words in the suit of State of Illinois against the Illinois Central railroad for back taxes, has been filed.

# Illinois State News

Recent Happenings of Interest in the Various Cities and Towns.

## ASYLUM CHIEF RESIGNS POST.

Governor Seeks Man to Take Place in Logan County Institution.

Bloomington.—It was made public that Dr. Charles B. Taylor has resigned his place as superintendent of the Illinois asylum for feeble-minded children in Logan county, the resignation having been in the hands of Gov. Deneen since December 1. Gov. Deneen offered the post of superintendent of the institution to Dr. Walter Fernald, superintendent of the asylum for feeble-minded in Massachusetts, but he declined the appointment when his home state raised his salary.

## Arbitration Board Head Out.

Nashville.—Chauncey D. Geiger of Ashley tendered his resignation as chairman of the state board of arbitration to Gov. Deneen, and it was accepted. A Chicagoan will be appointed to fill the vacancy, according to reports. Mr. Geiger was appointed by Gov. Yates six years ago and reappointed by Gov. Deneen, but his business interests have assumed such proportions that it was necessary for him to relinquish his public post.

## Arrested for Using Ferrets.

Canton.—The first arrest by the Illinois game department on the charge of using ferrets to hunt rabbits was made in McHenry county. Game Warden Cornish made the arrest and the defendants were Frank and John Mulvena. The law explicitly states that no one is permitted to use a ferret at any time or under any circumstances for the purpose of hunting, capturing or killing any game, animals or rabbits.

## Illinois Bakers Organize.

Decatur.—Officers of the Master Bakers' association of Illinois were elected at the meeting held in the council room as follows: President, C. A. Fickert, Belleville; vice president, J. E. Fisher, Aurora; secretary, E. T. Cissold, Chicago; treasurer, H. W. McHose, Decatur. The executive committee consists of the following: Henry E. Linn, Danville; L. F. Rieckhoff, Champaign, and Martin Gradi, Belleville.

## Votes to Dismiss Pastor.

St. Charles.—At the annual meeting of members of the Congregational church it was decided not to retain the present pastor, Rev. F. F. Lewis. The vote stood 17 to 32 in favor of dismissal. Objections were made to the pastor's sermons when it was claimed he unjustly and too harshly criticised his congregation. Rev. Lewis has been pastor of the church two years. He refused to resign last September.

## Arch Mason Is Honored.

Pana.—The Arch Masons of this city honored Martin Seller. For 13 consecutive years Mr. Seller has been a member of the lodge and served as tyler. At the annual election of officers in December he resigned his office and the recent affair was given in his honor. He was presented with a beautiful rocker, bearing an engraved plate with his name and the name of the lodge.

## Defies Attorney General.

Peoria.—Superintendent George A. Seller of the Bartonville insane asylum, refused to surrender "Fainting Bertha" Libbecke to a warden from the Chester penitentiary. Attorney General Stead ordered her removed to Chester. Superintendent Seller says Chester is not a fit place for a woman and refuses to comply with the demand of the attorney general.

## Drivers Strike Shuts Plant.

Belleville.—A strike of 40 drivers in the St. Louis and O'Fallon Coal company threw 500 men out of employment. The drivers demand an increase of 50 cents a day. The Willard Range Works at O'Fallon suspended operations, the 150 employees walking out on account of the management refusing to recognize the union.

## Fall Proves Fatal.

Charleston.—William W. Anderson, a brother of Mrs. Daniel McDougle and Mrs. William Miller, well known residents of the vicinity north of Charleston, was killed at Chicago by a fall from the board of trade building, upon which he was working as a carpenter.

## Blank Cartridge Causes Death.

Belleville.—Ella Cropp, aged eight, died at Mascoutah of tetanus caused by wounding her hand with a blank cartridge while celebrating New Year's day.

## Use Knives in Fight.

Macomb.—Edward Stevens is lying in a critical condition at the Merietta Phelps hospital from severe abdominal wounds which he received at the hands of a neighbor, Grant Bible, who stabbed him with a pocketknife.

## Pass for Lawmaker Who Asks.

Bloomington.—Members of the legislature from this district received letters from the railroads stating that applications for passes would be honored, but that none would be issued otherwise.

## FREED FROM MURDER CHARGE.

Jury Exonerates Benton Price in Shelby Circuit Court.

Shelbyville.—The jury in the Price murder case, for ten days on trial in the Shelby county circuit, reached a verdict and exonerated Benton Price of the charge of murder. In May of last year Benton Price shot and killed Hiram Hinton at Herrick. When the jury went to its room to deliberate over the evidence that had been submitted to it, J. M. Crowl was selected as foreman.

Following the reading of the court's instructions, a ballot of the jury was taken, resulting in nine men voting for acquittal and three for conviction. The fourth ballot wiped out all opposition.

## WINS SUIT FOR DEAD DOG.

Waukegan School Superintendent Gets Damages from Lawyer.

Waukegan.—The case of Miss Miriam Besley, superintendent of schools, against Attorney S. H. Kennedy, in which Miss Besley sought to recover the value of her bulldog, which Kennedy shot because he believed it was going to kill his dog in a fight, resulted in a verdict of \$25 for Miss Besley. She hired four law firms. Kennedy had one lawyer besides himself. Ten witnesses were examined, including prominent society women, who testified as to the dead dog's disposition.

## Deaths at Soldiers' Home.

Quincy.—The following is a list of deaths at the Illinois Soldiers' and Sailors' home during the month of December: Henry H. Ballard, company H, Eighth Illinois infantry; George Hubbard, company H, Fifty-fourth Massachusetts; Albert T. Foster, company G, One Hundred and Eighth New York; Michael Dwore, company C, Forty-fifth Illinois; Henry M. Dalph, company C, One Hundred and Thirty-second Illinois; Henry Schweinhart, company I, Second Missouri; Francis Becker, company F, Twenty-second Illinois; Thomas W. Walters, company F, Eleventh Illinois cavalry; Thomas H. Wakefield, company C, Nineteenth Pennsylvania cavalry; Addison Harrison, company F, Forty-first Illinois infantry; William Burke, company A, Twenty-third Illinois; Charles O. Fellows, company E, One Hundred and Fortieth Illinois; Duncan McIntire, company A, Eighth Illinois.

## Sensational Disclosures Promised.

Peoria.—Detectives from Chicago are working on a clew with local detectives in the theft of the Dougherty papers that may lead to sensational disclosures, incriminating some of the most prominent business and financial men in the city.

Since the theft of the forged papers from the vault in the rooms of the board of education Sunday night officers have been working hard on the case and say they have a clew that promises sensational results.

## Will Sue Township.

Taylorville.—Through an error two years ago the township got hold of \$782.53 belonging to the city. Repeated requests for the amount have been made and now that the city is bankrupt it is needed. The city attorney was instructed to notify the township commissioners and their attorney, J. C. McBride, that unless the money was paid within ten days suit would be brought to recover it. The attorney was also instructed to begin the suit.

## Insane Man Suicides.

Sycamore.—Henry Fleetwood, son of B. F. Fleetwood, president of Waterman hall, committed suicide at Mandeville, La.

With his mother he was on his way to St. Augustine, Fla., to spend the winter. He was released from the Elgin asylum for the insane December 21. Word was received here that he had got away from his mother. A later message said that he was found dead. His parents believed he had been cured.

## Bishop Spaulding Goes South.

Peoria.—Bishop John Lancaster Spaulding left Peoria for a trip to Hot Springs, Ark. where he will spend the remainder of the winter. Since his stroke of apoplexy two years ago the bishop has only partially recovered and has considered only the more important questions of the diocese. The routine work is done by his coadjutor, Bishop O'Reilly. Bishop Spaulding is accompanied by his sister, Mrs. Stevens, and an attendant.

## Lightning Wrecks Home; Two Hurt.

Aurora.—During a terrific thunder storm here the residence of Mrs. Kate Schmidt was struck by lightning and demolished. The woman, who is a cripple, and her son narrowly escaped death. Both were injured.

## Bank Robbers Secure \$800.

Bonfield.—Cutting all telegraph and telephone wires, robbers blew open the vault in the First bank of Bonfield and escaped on a handcar with over \$800. The bank is owned by Chester & Son.







## NEIGHBORING TOWNS.

### LAKE VILLA, ILL.

B. Schramm and wife visited in Chicago Sunday.

Mrs. E. Rushman was an Antioch visitor Saturday.

James Atwell was a business visitor in Grayslake Friday.

H. Gehlstrup of Antioch, was a visitor in Lake Villa Sunday.

Harry McMahon of Chicago, spent Sunday with home folks.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Hacker were visitors in Antioch Saturday.

Arthur VanPatten visited his brother Will Friday and Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Daily were visitors in Indiana the last of last week.

Henry Potter has had a new gasoline lighting system put in his cafe.

Mr. Geo. Crittenden has sold his residence in Lake Villa to Geo. Coon.

Tony Armstrong returned home Monday after a ten days' sojourn in Indiana.

Mr. Clarence Bower of Chicago, visited George Sugar Saturday and Sunday.

Master Clayton Hamlin is confined to the house with an attack of the measles.

Mr. Ed Meyer and sister of Silver Lake, were Lake Villa visitors Saturday.

Miss Flossie Munson of Libertyville, visited over Saturday with Prof. Munson and family.

Miss Dora Simes of McHenry, and Mrs. Lee Tweed of Ingleside, were visitors in Lake Villa Monday.

Miss Edith Hacker of Ingleside, visited her brother Will and family a few days the first of the week.

Miss Vanethlynburg, a trained nurse of Chicago, is attending Miss Bertha Harbaugh who is very ill.

The Angola Cemetery society will meet with Mrs. Chas. Hamlin for supper Tuesday, Jan. 22. All are welcome.

Fred Hamlin has had new gasoline lights installed in his pool room which is a marked improvement to the place.

The new farmer telephone line is being strung through town and the switch board will be placed in Dr. Hesselgrave's house.

Mr. Wyatt of Chicago, spent Friday at his cottage on the north shore. While

here he contracted with Will Hacker for a new well.

B. F. VanPatten spent a few days in Lake Villa last week looking after the saloon business, during the illness of his son Will.

The auditor of the Express company was in town Monday closing up the express business and relieving Mr. Jarvis of the care and trouble attached to same.

We are glad to be able to report Miss Bertha Harbaugh on the gain. The young lady has been seriously ill with tonsillitis for the past two weeks, but at present writing is greatly improved.

The Lake Villa Euchre Club met with Mrs. Will Hacker for its second meeting Tuesday evening, Jan. 8. Euchre was played until 11 p. m., then a sumptuous supper was served. The following captured the prizes: Mrs. B. Dix, first ladies prize; Miss Lillie McMahon, second; Mr. John Nadr, first gentleman's prize; Will Lewin, second. Out of charity we will refrain from announcing the winners of the booby prizes, suffice it to say they tried their best. The next meeting will be held with Mrs. John Nadr.

John Palmer died at Lake Villa Jan. 4, 1907, in his 85th year. He was born at Westonsay, Somersetshire, England, Sept. 11, 1822. He came to this country for the last time in 1876 and has since resided in Lake Villa. He was buried from the Lake Villa M. E. church January 7th. Interment was in Angola cemetery. He leaves an aged widow and nine children, five sons and four daughters, to mourn his death.

We thank the friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted us in our bereavement.

The Family.

### GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Mrs. E. Wald of Lake Villa was a pleasant caller here on Saturday.

We are glad to report that Louie Wicks is getting along nicely since his operation.

Geo. Wilbur of Burlington spent Sunday with his brother, F. C. Wilbur and family.

Miss Addie Fenlon of Ravenswood spent Saturday and Sunday with her aunt Mrs. A. W. Harvey.

Lyman Atwell and Mrs. Harry Atwell

of Chicago visited over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Marshal Atwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wilson, of Zenda are spending a few days with Mrs. Wilson's mother, Mrs. Whitehead.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Strang spent Sunday with Mr. Strang's sister and husband Mr. and Mrs. P. Besinger of Libertyville.

Mrs. E. B. Sherman entertained the members of the Woman's Club at a luncheon at her home on Friday last. All present report a fine time.

Wm. Smith of this place has sold his store building at Round Lake to Sam Litwiler who with his sons will conduct a hardware store at that place.

The many friends of Mrs. G. E. Thompson are glad to welcome her home from the hospital where she has been for the past five weeks. She returned home Saturday and is gradually on the gain.

Mrs. Lillie Hendricks and Miss Mary Tweed of Ingleside were initiated into the Eastern Star on Tuesday evening. After initiation an oyster supper was served and a general good time was had.

### RUSSELL, ILL.

Mrs. I. O. Colby returned from a few days visit in Chicago.

Mr. Nichols has been confined to his bed for some few days.

Miss Mary Duncan is slowly recovering from a severe illness.

Mrs. H. F. Siver and Mrs. Alecock were Chicago callers on Monday.

Miss Etta Carney visited her aunt, Mrs. McGuire, of Libertyville on Sunday.

Miss Lina Williamson of Roscerans called on Mrs. D. B. Lewin during the week.

The Ladies Aid society will give an oyster supper in the church basement Jan. 25.

Mrs. Dr. Young and daughter Verna visited relatives at Grayslake during the week.

Those who were so kind as to plunk our road will be greatly thanked by every one who has traveled them.

Russell people are being entertained by a medicine show. Prizes will be given during the week for different contests.

Charles Colby had the misfortune to get one of his hands hurt in the blower of a shredder and will be laid up for some time.

Long Jump of Kangaroo.

A Kangaroo has been recorded to jump a height of 11 feet; while the longest jump known to be performed by a deer is 9 1/2 feet.

### MILLBURN, ILL.

Mrs. Menzo Webb has been quite ill the past week.

Mrs. Trotter and daughter Lucy went to Evanston Saturday.

Mr. H. D. Hughes of Gurnee, was a caller here Saturday.

Mabel and Bae Adams returned to Chicago last Wednesday.

Mr. Perkins of Kenosha, has been here visiting with J. A. Thain.

Mrs. Wright of Evanston, is here visiting with Miss Carrie Baler.

Mrs. C. E. Denman was a Chicago visitor Wednesday last.

Mr. Ross of Ft. Worth, Texas, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. Watson.

Mrs. A. W. Safford spent Friday and Saturday with her daughter at Wheaton.

A few from here attended the Farmers' Institute at Antioch Thursday and Friday.

Mr. A. B. Johnson of Antioch, was in attendance at the Millburn Insurance Co's meeting Saturday.

Mrs. Wright returned to Evanston on Monday accompanied by her friend, Miss Carrie Baler.

Mrs. Wm. Thom received word on Friday last of the death of her aunt, Elizabeth Alice Andros of Chicago she is well known here.

The Ladies Aid will give a bazaar and supper from five till seven on Friday evening, Jan. 25, at the church. The C. E. society will sell ice cream and candy.

Many are mistaken as to who the person is that eats so many bananas. It is Horace H. Tower, son of W. S. Tower of Chicago, instead of Horace B. Tower.

The orders of Masons and Eastern Star installed their officers in their hall on Wednesday evening, Jan. 9. After the installation a selection was rendered by the quartette, then a bountiful repast was served in the dining room. The officers installed for the ensuing year in the Star are as follows: Worthy Matron, Mrs. H. E. Jamieson; Worthy Patron, J. A. Thain; Associate Matron, Mrs. A. K. Bain; Sec'y Mrs. J. A. Thain; Treasurer, Mrs. Alfred Mead; Conductress, Mrs. G. B. Stephens Associate conductress, Mrs. John Crawford; Ada, Mrs. H. G. Hughes; Ruth, Miss Hanna Patch; Ester, Mrs. John Trotter; Martha, Miss Hazel Thain; Electa, Mrs. Elmer Cannon; Marshall, E. A. Martin; Warder, G. B. Stephens; Sentinel, Alfred Mead.

### TREVOR, WIS.

Mr. Blum of Silver Lake was a Trevor caller Friday.

The infant son of Mr. Schmickamp is very low with pneumonia.

Miss Frances Strong returned to her home in Burlington Sunday evening.

Miss Sarah McGinty spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Frank Yeaw, at Camp Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Delph returned last week after spending two months with relatives in Indiana.

Geo. Barhyte had the misfortune to hurt an ankle quite badly while at work in an ice house at Camp Lake.

The Ladies Aid society will meet with Miss Patrick, Thursday afternoon. A good attendance is desired.

Miss Mary Gallagher of Chicago and Miss Maggie Gallagher of Silver Lake visited Mrs. Mettinty on Friday last.

Like to See Names in Print.

Few things give people more pleasure than writing, without remuneration, for the press.—Agnes Reppner.

Knew His Business.

Bertie (to caddy, searching for lost ball)—What are you looking there for? Why, I must have driven it 50 yards farther!

Diplomatic Caddy—But sometimes they hit a stone, sir, and bounce back a terrible distance!

Up-to-Date "Chain Gang."

A novel experiment is about to be tried by the government of Victoria, Australia. A sum of \$25,000 has been placed in the administration's estimate for the making of roads by prisoners through the "bush" in unsettled parts of the state. Each prisoner who does his work well will be paid a regular daily wage, the amount to accumulate until his release, when, as the premier says, he "will have a respectable sum with which to make a new start in life." The labor party is expected to oppose the use of bond for free labor.

To stop a cold with "Preventics" is easier than to let it run and cure it afterwards. Taken at the sneeze stage Preventics will head off all colds and grippe and perhaps save you from pneumonia and bronchitis. Preventics are little toothsome candy cure tablets, selling in 5 cent and 25 cent boxes. If you are chilly, if you begin to sneeze try Preventics. They will surely check the cold and please. Sold by all dealers.

Protecting the Public.

"Give me a can of corned beef," "Got a prescription?" "Nope, Why?" "You'll have to give your name and address, also make oath as to what you want it for."—Houston Post.

Land Owned by British Railways.

The railways of England and Wales own, on an average, 12 acres of land for every mile of railway.

### Nursing baby?

It's a heavy strain on mother.

Her system is called upon to supply nourishment for two.

Some form of nourishment that will be easily taken up by mother's system is needed.

Scott's Emulsion contains the greatest possible amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Mother and baby are wonderfully helped by its use.



ALL DRUGGISTS, 50c. AND \$1.00

# Heinenstein Co

212 NORTH GENESEE STREET

WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS

### UNDERMUSLINS

With replenished stocks of Undermuslins in all its many branches this sale promises to be even more attractive the next two days than it was the last five days. Everything is as fresh and dainty as during opening days and the variety of styles remains unbroken.

## Only Two More Days of the Great Clearing Sale

The Great January Clearing Sale is on full blast, and the enormous aggregate of sales, together with the satisfaction expressed by those who have taken advantage of the reduced prices since Saturday morning, make it evident that we have more than fulfilled our promise to give the public better bargains than they ever had before. A great number of garments have been sold during the past five days but we still have a large assortment left that must positively be closed out this week. Our policy is not to carry over any seasonable goods from one season to another. Remember WE HAVE NO SHOPWORN GARMENTS, NO ODDS AND ENDS, NO BROKEN LINES, NO SOILED GOODS, but EVERYTHING NEW AND FRESH and strictly up-to-date. The regular prices on our goods were extremely low considering the high quality of merchandise involved, and the fact that these prices have been reduced by one-half and in some instances by more is simply remarkable. Only two more days of this great sale, and we advise your early attendance, as by Saturday night we expect to have disposed of all our winter goods. The prices as advertised for this great clearing sale will not be changed, so do not wait with that expectation or SOMEONE ELSE WILL GET THE BARGAIN YOU WANT. This is a bona fide clearing sale and is for the purpose of making room for Spring Goods, and advertised lines, when exhausted, will not be replenished. We call your attention to a few of the extraordinary bargains we are offering at this great Sale.

All of our high grade Cloaks ranging in price from \$8 to \$30 in large assortment as advertised <b>\$3.85, 5.75, 8.48</b> 10.98, 15.	All of our Children's Coats in large assortment, sizes up to 14, regular prices \$5, \$6, \$8 and \$10, at 50c on the dollar, as advertised <b>\$2.50, \$3, \$4, \$5</b>	Ladies' and Misses' Suits in all imaginable styles and effects, regular prices \$10 to \$25, as advertised <b>\$3.98, \$7.88</b> \$12.50	Separate Walking and Dress Skirts in new and exclusive designs and splendid assortment, worth from \$3 to \$12 as advertised <b>\$1.85, \$2.98, \$5</b> \$6.98	A fine line of Taffeta Silk Skirts in all colors, worth \$5 to \$8 <b>\$3.98</b> Note: Compare the generous fullness of these garments, it counts.	There is no excuse for any lady not enjoying a warm and fashionable fur, as the prices in this department have been reduced to such an extent as to bring them within the reach of all.	\$1.25 Black Scarfs \$ .49 \$8.00 Fox Scarfs 3.98 \$12.00 " " 5.98 \$0 Squirrel Throws 3.98 \$10 " Muffs 5.98 \$20 Furs and Sets 9.98
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## THIS SALE POSITIVELY ENDS SATURDAY, JANUARY 18th